THE MORNING STAR.

FULL TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS OF THE SOUTHERN ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Daily Letter From Raleigh.

RELIABLE MARKET REPORTS.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A Busy Spot

In our store is our glove counter. There is a reason for it—we sell the genuine

"Kayser Patent Finger-Tipped" Silk Gloves.

In each pair a **Guarantee Ticket** that is good for a new pair **Free** if the "Tips" wear out before the gloves. Blacks and Colors, 50c., 75c., and $1.00.

A new line of SILK MITTS just received, in Black and White, all the lengths, from 25c to $1.00 a pair.

Don't judge of the quality by the prices. Come closer and examine the quality.

Dress Goods! Dress Goods

40-inch Scotch Tweed Mixtures with pinhead check effect. Stylish and dressy Spring suitings for traveling wear in tan, brown, blue, etc., 50 cents yard.

French Novelties in two toned changeable effects, in green, brown and variety of shades, 37½ cents.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

How do we keep on selling such immense quantities of Black Goods? Simply, we suppose, because our assortment is about the most complete in town, and our prices are about the lowest.

Black Crepons in the latest weaves in Silk and Wool and Mohair and wool, billow-dimple and rock effects.

40-inch Royatine, the newest fabric out, 1.25 yd.

38-inch Fancy Granites, only 60 and 65c yd.

Best Black Henrietta, regular 69 cents quality, only 50c.

40-inch Henrietta, [regular 1.00 quality, only 75 cents.

1,000 UMBRELLAS JUST RECEIVED.

A job—nothing like them ever offered in the city for the money.

What do you think of an exquisite Surah Serge, beautiful handle with silver ornament, at $1.50?

Or a Dresden handle, Surah Serge cover, Paragon ribbed, at $1.50?

Or a Helvetia covered Paragon ribbed 28 inch, at $1.00?

We have them at every price.

You must see them to appreciate the value.

Come in and see those new Wash Silks just arrived 37½c per yard.

SPECIAL.

ONE LOT LADIES'

Shirt Waist,

ODDS AND ENDS, ONLY 50 CTS, FORMER PRICE $1.00 AND $1.25.

Six Dozen Children's Shirt Waist

TO CLOSE AT 25 Cts, FORMER PRICE 50 CTS.

Come early

Guaranteed as Advertised.

A. D BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK

No. 9 NORTH FRONT ST.

apr 17 tf

Notice to Truckers.

THERE is no need in your sending away from home to buy the packages to put your various kinds of Truck in. We are making up everything in the way of a

Truck Package

A as low a price as they can be bought anywhere.

Come up and see our

Potato Barrel.

Over 500,000 were sold last season to the farmers of Virginia. Special indorsements made to parties who will use our SPIRIT CASKS.

Telephone No. 37. R. M. NIMOCKS, Wilmington, N. C.

march 25 1m

N. C. Hams.

400 pounds N. C. Hams.
100 bushels Spanish Peanuts.
300 bushels Virginia Peanuts.
500 bushels North Carolina Peanuts.
400 barrels Flour.
800 bags Flour.
25 1 2 bbl N. C. Mullets.
All low down.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

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D. O'Connor,

REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILmington, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwelling for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash paid on improved city real estate

june 24 tf

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVI.—NO. 22. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 17, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,718

THE MORNING STAR, THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

OUTLINES.

The injunction against the Western & Atlantic Railroad prayed for by the Seaboard Air Line has been granted. —— Chicago grain and provision market. —— New York *Sun's* review of the cotton market. —— Records of base ball games yesterday. —— Judge Showalter, of Chicago, vacates the restraining order he issued Monday in the income tax case. —— The report that Senator Ransom is not eligible to appointment as Minister to Mexico is without foundation. —— Official advices have been received at Washington that peace negotiations between Japan and China have been signed. —— The Northeastern Railroad was bought at foreclosure sale by Gov. Atkinson, of Georgia, who bid it in for the State; the purchase was made to protect the State, which now owns the property. —— At a mass meeting of silver agitators, held at Denver, Col., speeches were made by Gen. Warner, of New York, and ex-Congressman Sibley, of Pennsylvania. —— Examination of the affairs of the Whiskey Trust shows over a million dollars unaccounted for. —— Heywood Williams, formerly of North Carolina, shoots and kills a woman in Colorado and then commits suicide. —— Torpedo boats have been dispatched from Madrid to Cuba. —— Cotton manufacturers of Fall River, Mass., have decided to advance wages of operatives. —— Commissioner Miller has issued another circular to internal revenue collectors concerning the income tax. —— A shooting affray occurred between two citizens of Farmville, Va., in which one of the combat ants was wounded. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1½@2¼ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent., closing offered at 2 per cent; cotton steady; middling gulf 7 1-16 cts; middling uplands 6 13-16 cts; Southern flour quiet and firm; common to fair extra $1.90@2.75; good to choice do. $2.80@3.35; wheat dull and firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 61¼, 61½c; afloat 62¾@64c; corn dull and weak; No. 2 at elevator 54½c; afloat 55 ½c; spirits turpentine dull and easy at 30@30½c; rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1.50@1.55.

The New York Board of Health estimates the deaths in that State from the grip at 3,000 in the months of January and February last.

County Commissioner Nail of Birmingham, Ala., is accused of selling jury lists to gamblers and the grand jury wants to nail him with an impeachment.

Sidero Arfino, an Italian laborer at Scottsdale, Pa., got so tired dodging the Mafia that he sought a rest by throwing himself under the wheels of a passing train and got killed.

The town of Alliance, Ohio, is in luck. About the time that meat went up a big shower of angle worms came down so the inhabitants could go fishing without digging batt.

Since the Chicago combine got the grip on the meat market, the price has advanced so that beef is beginning to be regarded as a luxury which only well-to-do people can indulge in.

A good many Western people seem to be gravitating towards Georgia. Agents of a proposed colony are now negotiating for 100,000 acres of land in Montgomery county.

It is said that the advance in the price of meats is not in consequence of a combine but on account of the scarcity of beef. Whether this be so or not, it is a sufficient reason why the Southern farmer should raise his own meat.

The chairman of the Populist party of Alabama is opposed to the Pops being swallowed by the new silver party, but thinks if there is any swallowing to be done the Pops ought to have the first swallow.

Entirely oblivious of the reputation which the Brooklyn trolley has achieved as the successful and expeditious killer of people, a citizen who wanted to commit suicide shot himself five times and failed.

If Wm. Jackson, of Kentucky, who has been a second time convicted of killing his wife, serves out his time he will be old enough to know better than to kill any more wives. He has been sentenced to the penitentiary for ninety-nine years.

Lieut. Bacon, who was commissioned by the Government to go to China and watch the progress of the war, says the Chinese have no patriotism and do not know how to fight. They were too busy showing their heels to show their patriotism or learn how to fight.

The Hartford, Conn., *Times* wants to know whether under the recent decision of the Supreme Court, oyster beds can be considered real estate. The Augusta, Ga., *Chronicle* has some doubts about this, but thinks the oysters might be rung in as rent. But some people may not swallow this.

The State and City Supplement of the New York *Commercial & Financial Chronicle*, issued the 13th inst., gives a complete statement of the debts and resources of the States, counties, cities and towns of the United States, methodically arranged for convenient reference and very valuable.

A Chicago chemist claims to have discovered by accident a substance derived from coal tar which beats sugar all hollow for sweetness, and this, too, when the Cuba sugar makers have got on the ragged edge trying to compete against beet sugar and the Louisiana planters say they will be ruined if they don't get a bounty.

The policemen seem to be in it in Chicago, too. The new Mayor wants a Lexow committee or something constructed on that plan, as he says he has evidence to show that a number of policemen whose names he has spotted, received in the aggregate $7,000 a month from gamblers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. D. BROWN—Special.
D. L. GORE—Cheese, flour.
A. SHRIER—Going out of business.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Judge O. P. Meares returned from Lumberton yesterday.

— Mr. J. E. Moore, of Danville, Va., is in the city for a few days on business.

— Mr. Robt. Taylor, of Jacksonville, Fla., is here on a visit to his family.

— Capt. G. G. Lynch, of Florence, S. C., train master of the Atlantic Coast Line, was in the city yesterday on railroad business.

— Messrs. W. D. Lynch, W. B. Bellois, W. Landis and A. S. Hill, of Oxford, N. C., were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. George H. Haigh, one of Fayetteville's old landmarks, and well known in insurance circles in this city, was a STAR visitor yesterday.

— Mr. L. J. Merriman, of the house of J. J. Fredericks, wholesale commission dealer in fruits and vegetables, New York, was in the city yesterday and called at the STAR office for old acquaintance sake.

— Gen. E. D. Hall was a visitor to the STAR office yesterday. The gallant old veteran is much improved in health, though still suffering from weakness of the lower limbs. He entertains some hope of being able to attend the great re-union of Confederate veterans at Houston, Texas, in May.

— Messrs. J. S. Canady, G. W. Taylor, Jacksonville; J. H. Lewis, Hamlet; F. T. Whiteville, J. A. Westbrook, Mt. Olive; J. A. B. Brown, Chadbourn; J. B. Ruark, Southport; E. A. Ebert, Winston; L. Acree, Jonesboro; J. L. Anders, Ivanhoe; J. T. Thomas, Henderson; Don McRacken, Tillery; Bruce Williams, Burgaw; T. H. Newkirk, Whiteville, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

NAVAL RESERVES.

Howitzer Drill—Members of the Court Martial Entertained by Paymaster Latimer.

Lieut. J. C. Morrison, of the Naval Reserves, had a company of fifty men out last night for drill on Third street in front of the City Hall. The gentlemen constituting the court martial had been invited to see this exhibition drill with the howitzers, and large number of spectators gathered with them and witnessed one of the best drills of this kind ever given. Acting Junior Lieutenant W. R. Morrison was in charge of gun crew No. 1, and Acting Ensign W. W. Merrill in charge of gun crew No. 2.

After many very difficult manœuvers were performed with the howitzers, the battalion officers present pronounced it as being way above the average.

After witnessing this complicated drill with the big guns, the officers, upon invitation, were escorted to Paymaster E. S. Latimer's residence on Third street, where an ovation was accorded them by the paymaster.

An elegant repast was served and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

The Wilkes Court Martial.

The long and tedious court martial of Lieut. J. Frank Wilkes is nearing a close and will probably be finished this afternoon.

The Court opened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock with a large number of spectators present, among them some ladies The procedings began with the accused, Lieut. Wilkes, taking the witness stand, who testified on all questions which had been brought forth during the trial. A full report of his testimony could not be secured His testimony consumed almost the entire day.

Mr. J. L. Auten was next placed on the stand, whose testimony brought forth no new facts and was a repetition of other evidence. This closed the testimony.

The Court will meet to-day at 2.30 o'clock p. m., and will act on the evidence, but no one shall know how the case comes out until it is sent to Adjutant General Francis H. Cameron, and is then returned to Col. Thos. W. Strange, the Judge Advocate of the State, for his approval. It will probably take two or three weeks to go through the regular form before a final decision is reached.

Lucky Newbern.

Here is a piece of good fortune of which the STAR trusts Newbern will be prompt to show her appreciation. The *Journal* says:

Newbern now seems nearer to securing a good cotton factory than it has ever been before. The committee recently appointed are in receipt of a proposition from Northern capitalists to put $150,000 into a mill here provided the citizens will put in $50,000. This proposition will be submitted to the meeting of citizens in the City Hall Tuesday night. No one interested in the welfare and growth of the city should fail to attend and lend encouragement and aid to the enterprise.

LOCAL DOTS

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other locals see fourth page

— Local forecast: Rain, warmer; fresh easterly to southerly winds, increasing in force.

— The Rev. Sam Small has resigned the editorship of the Norfolk *Pilot*. "The good die young."

— There was 14.2 feet of water in the river at Fayetteville Monday morning; a fall of 4.8 feet in 24 hours.

— Mr. Jas. J. Berg (not Byrd) owned one of the houses burned Sunday night. It was insured for $150 with Dr. W. W. Harriss.

— Storm signals were displayed at the Weather Bureau station at 11:30 last night. The storm was then central in Alabama, moving South of East.

— Receipts of cotton here yesterday, 219 bales; same day last year 21 bales. The price advanced ⅛ of a cent, middling being quoted at 6 cents per pound.

— The alarm of fire last evening about 7 o'clock was caused by the overturning of an oil lamp in a house corner of Tenth and Chesnut streets. The damage was trifling.

— Why is middling cotton quoted at 6 cents in Wilmington when it will bring more money? It is quoted at 6 5-16 in Norfolk, 6 3-16 in Savannah, 6 3-16 in New Orleans and 6⅛ in Charleston.

— Subscribers to the American Encyclopædic Dictionary are reminded that they can have the 19 parts bound in four volumes in the best law sheep, for $3.00 per volume, by sending them to the STAR office.

— Eli Perkins says all the Southern railroads do a good deal of shouting, but the "Atlantic Coast Line" and the "Plant System" get the passengers. These roads go through to Wilmington, Charleston and Savannah, where you see the orange trees and the Spanish moss. They are the picturesque lines.

— The Wilmington Division, Naval Battalion, will go to Raleigh May 20th to participate in the ceremonies of the unveiling of the monument to the Confederate dead. They will go as artillery. In all probability the Wilmington Minstrel Troupe will go with them and give a performance in the Opera House there that evening.

— The impression prevails that Col. Frederick Bonaparte Rice has fallen in the house of his friends. This, translated into Rep-Pop English, means that his Republican associates will not sign his bond as Clerk and Treasurer, and that the bond will, therefore, be "no good." Col. F. Bonaparte Rice is not in an amiable mood. "*Sic transit.*"

— Messrs. Chas. H. Lewis and Louis H. Myers, two of Wilmington's most popular young men, have entered into business under the firm name of Myers & Lewis and have opened a fancy stationery, sporting goods and typewriter supplies establishment at No. 8 South Front street. They are well known and deserve patronage. Their many friends wish them success in their new enterprise.

IT WILL BE SIX PER CENT.

The North Carolina Home Building Association Decides on Six Per Cent. as the Rate of Interest.

At a meeting of the Directors of the North Carolina Home Building Association, held Monday, the question of the rate of interest to be charged on loans was thoroughly discussed by the Directors and Mr. John D. Bellamy, Jr., attorney for the Association. A motion was finally made that, beginning next Saturday, a uniform rate of six per cent. be charged on all past and future loans. This was unanimously adopted. The new law concerning Building Associations passed by the Legislature authorizes them, in addition to six per cent. interest, to charge such premium [equivalent to a bonus] as may be agreed on between the lender and the borrower. The Directors of the North Carolina Home, however, decided not to take advantage of this provision, but to apply the rate of six per cent. straight to all loans. This means a reduction of 25 per cent. in the former rate of interest, but as the instalments or dues remain the same, the difference in time required for winding up a series of stock will not be very material.

THE WRECK NEAR RIMINI.

How the Train Men Were Injured—The Condition of Section Master McInnis.

[*News and Courier Special*]

ORANGEBURG, April 15.—In the wreck near Rimini, on the Manchester and Augusta railroad, on Saturday morning, there were several of the train men more or less burned or bruised by the cars. It was Section Master Neill McInnis who was so severely burned that he was brought to Orangeburg for treatment on Saturday afternoon.

He and Engineer Jaiger when the wreck occurred went back to the cars to ascertain the trouble, and it is supposed the naptha, which had run out of the tank and was flowing down the ditch on the side of the track, ignited from their lantern. When the flames suddenly flashed up and completely enveloped them the engineer succeeded in dodging without receiving any serious injuries. The section master, however, was quite seriously burned, but he is now resting very comfortably under the skilful treatment of Dr. Thos. C. Doyle and his injuries are not considered to be necessarily serious.

Flagman Hanby was also bruised by the jolting of the cars, as was Conductor Lynch, who had his ankle severely sprained.

The track is now clear and the trains are running on schedule time along the line. It is estimated that the loss to the railroad company will aggregate between $40,000 and $50,000.

St. Mark's Church.

The vestrymen elected by the congregation of St. Mark's Church (colored) are John G. Norwood, J. C. Nixon, Robt. McDonald, John J. Geyer, D. Webster, Thos. Brownell, Jas. H. Lane.

LADIES' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

We feel it is due the public that we make a statement as to how we stand at this juncture. We have recently paid $3,000 towards the purchase of the Sprunt property, thereby having a debt of only $500 to carry, which debt is due on the eastern portion of the lot, the Home proper being paid for, and free from encumbrance. The amount paid was realized from the sale of our property on Seventh street, and by the contributions from some of our generous citizens. There were three $100 contributions, three $30, twelve $25, one $20, one $15, and the remainder ranged from $15 to 5 cents.

We sincerely thank each and every one who helped to secure this valuable property. The money has come mainly from people of moderate means.

We can safely say that not more than one-half of our business men contributed, and this fact makes the success of the undertaking all the more remarkable. Had all given something, we would not have had this debt of $500. However, we have brave hearts, and still extend the privilege of contributing to this worthy charity to those who have not yet done so.

In soliciting funds towards the purchase of this home we known that our people were under the greatest financial pressure that has ever visited them, and for this reason felt a regret at being obliged to call upon them at such a time.

We would never have undertaken this great work under the existing circumstances but for the fact that our Home on Seventh street was in almost a dilapidated condition, not worth repairing, and we felt that we could not allow such an unprecedently generous offer to slip away from us, and felt assured the like would never come to us again.

This Home is distinctly "women's work for women," and our earnest desire is to have the hearty interest and co-operation of the women of all denominations. It is entirely undenominational and is therefore a place where we can all meet on common ground. Our membership fee is $1.00 per year. If we can get a membership of five hundred women this will enable us to support the Home without asking further contributions. We will hardly succeed in obtaining so many, though. We wish also to have a sustaining membership fee of $5.00 and hope to have a number of these, gentlemen as well as ladies. Others again will give us a certain amount of provisions a month.

"It will require about $500 a year to support the Home, and we do earnestly beg the women of the community to come forward and take care of their less fortunate sisters who are now looking to them for help in this their hour of need. It will save us a vast amount of labor if all who will join the Benevolent Society will hand in their names to the President, Mrs. Roger Moore, or the Secretary, Mrs. H. C. Daniel, as members, or as sustaining members, and not wait to be called upon for this purpose.

We find the house in the most perfect condition; we have nothing to do but to take possession. The cleaning has been done for us, walls have been newly papered, there are two bed rooms, the parlor and dining room furnished entirely, the hall and staircase are carpeted and there are a number of "odds and ends" beside. Last, but not least, among the many gifts is a handsome Bible. We cannot find language sufficiently strong in which to express our gratitude to the Sprunt family for their unparalleled generosity, but believe it will be as "bread cast upon the waters" and will return to them in rich blessings from a loving, heavenly Father.

The house will be opened finally to the public in the course of a few days we hope, due notice of which will be given through the papers. We ask all those who assisted in buying this valuable property to come and inspect it for themselves at that time. We also cordially invite those who have not yet contributed, feeling sure that they will see the need of this Home in the community and will feel induced to help us with our little debts.

We invite and earnestly hope that inspection and inquiry will be made, and should there be any criticism passed, we beg that it will not be until this justice is done us.

It is a source of regret that our new rules and regulations will not be made just yet. We have received pamphlets bearing on this subject from two Homes in Richmond, and from one in Worcester, Mass. Our Secretary is now visiting Charleston, and will personally inspect the Home there, obtaining all the points and ideas that will be of value to us. After careful study of the rules and regulations of those Homes, we will be enabled (with modifications) to form suitable ones for the Catherine Kennedy Home.

We take this occasion to thank the gentlemen for their courtesy and kindness to us while on this rather humiliating errand of soliciting funds. This courtesy seemed to be the rule, and we take pride in saying there were only a few deviations from it.

We also thank the daily papers for publishing the numerous articles in the interest of this undertaking, thereby helping in the work in a way which could not have been done otherwise.

We take pleasure in thanking the committee, both ladies and gentlemen, who have helped us so cheerfully and willingly in soliciting the funds necessary to the purchase of the property.

We are under especial obligations to Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar, Jr., for offering his legal services. We were compelled to take advantage of this kindly offer, and extend to him our heartfelt thanks for the aid rendered.

We now beg the interest and aid of the entire community in this institution, which we believe will be a pride and ornament to our city in the near future.

MRS. ROGER MOORE, President.

United Confederate Veterans.

The fifth annual meeting and reunion of Confederate veterans will be held in the city of Houston, Texas, on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, May 22d, 23d and 24th, 1895. Round trip tickets from Wilmington by the Atlantic Coast Line will cost only $25.45.

Gen. Gordon, commanding the United Confederate Veterans, writes: At present the rate stands, one cent per mile each way for all territory outside of Texas and within four hundred miles of Houston, with limit of ten days on ticket.

Not only delegates, but all veterans, their families and friends, may take advantage of the low rate.

Magistrate's Court.

H. W. Hall, colored, charged with stealing a pair of pants from M. Levy's store on Market street, was arraigned before Justice Bunting yesterday and committed to jail in default of $100 bail.

Chas. Mason, colored, charged with embezzling eight pounds of sugar and two cocoanuts from his employer, Antonio Fantopula, was sent to jail in default of bond for $100, Mason was also charged with stealing a hand-saw from A. C. Wessell.

BOARD OF AUDIT AND FINANCE.

Regular Meeting—The Bond of the City Clerk and Treasurer Again Discussed—Other Bonds Approved.

All the members of the Board of Audit and Finance were present at their regular meeting held yesterday afternoon. Mr. Wm. Calder, chairman of the Board, presided.

After the minutes of the last meeting had been read and approved, the bond of F. B. Rice, recently appointed city clerk and treasurer, was taken up as unfinished business and discussed at length.

The "employer's statement" upon which the bond offered by the Fidelity and Deposit Company of Baltimore was based, called for at the last meeting of the Board, was submitted by Mr. Rice. It was signed by J. E. Taylor, former employer, and W. H. Chadbourn, present employer, as Chairman of the Police Board.

The chair asked when did Mr. Chadbourn sign the statement.

Mr. Rice—Two or three days ago.

Chairman—Then the bond was issued before the statement was signed. This, he added might invalidate the bond. He said, also, that the statement as to the duties and responsibilities of the city clerk and treasurer should be signed by a representative of the city having proper authority, and to a question as to who was a proper person, said the Board of Aldermen should authorize the Mayor and the chairman of the Police Board to sign it.

The discussion continued for some time. Mr. McQueen cited several objectionable clauses in the bond.

The chair said, perhaps it would be well to take legal advice in the matter.

Mr. Hanby asked Mr. Rice if he could "give a bond in the city." Mr. Rice said that he did not like to answer the question, "Then," said Mr. Hanby, "I move that the bond be not accepted."

After further discussion, Mr. Ganzer offered as a substitute for Mr. Hanby's motion, that legal advice be taken from DuB. Cutlar, Esq., in reference to the bond of the Fidelity and Deposit Company, and this substitute being accepted was adopted.

The chair stated that consideration of the $10,000 bond would stand over for the present.

The next matter taken up was the pay of Mr. Fennell, city clerk and treasurer, who by law remains in office until his successor is qualified. After discussion, on motion, the matter of pay of incumbents was referred to the Police Board and Aldermen to fix the same.

The bond of W. H. Styron, Cattle Weigher, in the sum of $200, was approved, with S. Behrends and W. J. Love sureties.

Bond of John W. Galloway, Clerk of Front street market, for $300, with W. C. Galloway and M. F. Croom, sureties, was approved.

The Board adjourned to 3.30 p. m. today.

CORBETT AND FITZSIMMONS.

The Australian Talks of the Coming Fight—Looks Like He Might Default on Balance of Stake Money.

The New York *Herald* says:

Jim Corbett's next opponent, "Bob" Fitzsimmons, was a visitor at the *Herald* office yesterday. He called to say that he is rapidly emerging from the financial mire in which his recent troubles precipitated him, and that he expects to have the remaining $5,000 of his stake of $10,000 for his battle with Corbett in the hands of the stakeholder on May 1, the date named by the Californian for the posting of the same.

"I have been informed, however," said Fitzsimmons, "that Corbett intends to claim my money now up if I fail to make good the remainder at the time mentioned. Well, I don't see how he can do so. Stake money is not forfeit money, therefore, I doubt very much if Corbett can claim any part of it so long as I am willing to fight him. If I put my money up as a forfeit and not as a stake I would not question Corbett's claim to the money. Stake money can only be claimed by a party to a match when the other refuses to fight. I have no thought of refusing to fight Corbett, and so long as I am sincere in my desire to go on with the match the money cannot be withdrawn. If Corbett wants to act mean in the matter I will let him have the $5,000 and fight him for the purse alone. I never felt more confident of beating a man in my life than I do of Corbett. I will lick him and I will do the job so quickly that he will never know what happened."

Speaking of his condition, "Fitz" said he never felt better in his life, and he certainly looked remarkably well. His skin had a healthy color and his eyes were clear and bright.

Touching on the chances of the fight taking place under the auspices of the Florida Athletic Club, "Fitz" said he thought the outlook in that direction very dark. In fact, he said, he did not believe the battle would ever be fought in the State of Flowers. "I honestly believe," said the middleweight champion, earnestly, that the managers of the Florida club have known all along that they could never hold the contest in Jacksonville. This impression is strengthened by the recent declaration of 'Joe' Vendig, to the effect that the club can hold the fight in any part of the United States. This, I think, is proof positive of weakness on the club's part, but I do not recognize this claim. Now, I would like to know what action the stakeholder intends to take in regard to the club's $5,000 forfeit money if such a condition arises. I think it should be divided between Corbett and myself. Their defence will probably be that the $2,000 for expenses stands as forfeit money, but that won't go with me. If we can't fight in Florida, we must fight before the Olympic Club, of New Orleans."

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., April 16.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 58°; 8 p. m., 54°; maximum, 69°; minimum, 48°; mean, 58°.

Rainfall for the day .08; rainfall for the month up to date 1.68 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, rain, warmer, easterly winds, increasing in force.

For South Carolina, rain, warmer in northeastern portion; increasing easterly winds.

AFFAIRS IN RALEIGH

GREAT INTEREST MANIFESTED IN THE MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Rev. D. H. Tuttle Declares Against Russ, the Democratic Candidate For Mayor—The Oakes Sensation—Revenue Seizures—Matrimonial Events—Buck Kitchin in Town—Base Ball.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 16.

The Democratic Executive Committee of the city of Raleigh met last evening and discussed plans for carrying on the city campaign. Officers were also elected. The total registration is 1,614; 1,008 being white and 611 colored.

Rev. D. H. Tuttle, pastor of the Central Methodist Church, has declared against Russ, the Democratic candidate for Mayor. He has sent word to the Republican Campaign Committee that if they nominate Tip Wynne, a straight Republican, he and other temperance workers will support him. Rev. Tuttle was active in the Democratic primary in his ward. His objection to Russ is based on his temperance views. Mr. Tuttle tells your correspondent "he and eight other prominent citizens will bolt Russ."

The offerings in the two Episcopal churches Sunday amounted to over $1,575.

Mr. Dan Young, Clerk of the Court, appointed poll-holders for the city election to-day. One Democrat and two Fusionists is the way they run.

Old man Buck Kitchin dropped into the city this morning. He is here in regard to his fight for the penitentiary.

Gov. Carr, yesterday, acting under the instructions of the Attorney General, appointed a few magistrates who failed to qualify. One of the appointees, George Kennedy, appeared before Clerk of the Court Dan Young to take the oath. Mr. Young refused upon the ground that a magistrate has thirty days in which to qualify.

To-morrow at 10.30, Mr. Sherwood Higgs will be united in marriage to Miss Lucy Hawkins. Quite a number of friends who will participate in the ceremonies, have arrived. This is the event in society this week. Next week Prof. Chas. Parkerville, of the University, and Miss Mary Snow will be married.

Wake Forest lost the last of the series of games played with Trinity in Durham yesterday, by a score of 12 to 6. Wake Forest won the first three.

The Oakes sensation is all the talk here. Mr. Oakes put up at the hotel here while conducting the revival at the Tabernacle. A bar-keeper says he ordered drinks from him, Dr. Simms, pastor of the Tabernacle, comes out in a card in which he says he will be loath to believe the charges until they are proven.

Deputy Collectors Perry and Jones captured a bran new still in this county Saturday, which had only been in use a very short time, and 1,300 gallons of beer was taken.

The University Glee, Banjo and Mandolin Clubs gave a highly creditable performance here last evening.

SUPERIOR COURT.

The Criminal Docket Disposed of—Civil Docket to be Taken Up To-day.

The Superior Court, Judge Hoke presiding, reassembled yesterday at 10 a. m.

The jury in the case of Andrew J. Ennock, on trial for assault and battery, returned a verdict of not guilty.

Daniel Ross, larceny, not guilty.

General Atkinson *alias* Williams and George Stanly, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Verdict, guilty, Atkinson four monthis in jail; Stanly twelve months in the penitentiary.

Alex Small, larceny, guilty.

Wm. Henry Hill, larceny. Verdict, guilty. Six months in jail.

Sam'l Smith, larceny. Verdict guilty. Four months in jail.

Caplas was issued for Oscar Watson, charged with larceny.

George Williams, secret assault on Dove. On trial.

The prisoners sentenced to confinement in the county jail, by direction of the Court, may be put to work on the county roads.

The following order was made by the Court:

"It appearing to the court that the civil docket will require the remaining time allotted to the present term of the court, it is ordered and directed that all criminal causes not finally determined at the present term—indictments, presentments, recognizances, etc.—be transferred to the Circuit Criminal Court for New Hanover county, and that all papers of every kind, indictments, etc., be held by John D. Taylor, Esq., clerk Superior court; That the same be turned over by him to the clerk of the Circuit Court when said clerk may be appointed and duly qualified."

The civil docket will be taken up to-day.

THE GOVERNOR APPOINTS

Nine Directors of the Penitentiary to Fill Vacancies on the Board.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, April 19.—The Governor has appointed nine Directors of the Penitentiary, to fill vacancies, as follows: B. W. Ballard, Franklinton; G. A. Darden, Speight's Bridge; W. H. Smith, Goldsboro; F. C. Rankin, Fayetteville; W. J. White, Warrenton; R. H. Ricks, Rocky Mount; W. J. Adams, Carthage; P. S. Dale, Davidson; R. L. Ryan, Shelby. The fourteen Directors, (nine appointed by the Legislature, not being recognized by the Governor,) will meet to-morrow to elect Kitchen Superintendent of the Penitentiary. It is done to get a suit in court. Five of the old directors will not meet with the Legislative appointees.

Kitchin and Butler are here.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

The United States Department of Agriculture began yesterday the issuance of the daily cotton region bulletin for the season of 1895. The minimum temperatures yesterday in the Wilmington district were, Weldon, 36 degrees; Newbern, Raleigh, Greensboro, Goldsboro, Cheraw, 44; Florence and Lumberton, 46; Charlotte and Wilmington, 48.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Hammocks.

FANCY STATIONERY, SPORTING GOODS, Office and Typewriter Supplies, Rubber Stamps and Engraving. Call and try the Whitely Exerciser. Mail orders solicited.

MYERS & LEWIS, No. 8 South Front street.

LEWIS H. MYERS, CHAS. R. LEWIS.

ap 17 1w

Only a Few Days More,

LIMITED

SALE AT THE

GREAT SHOE HOUSE

—OF—

A. Shrier,

108 Market Street.

This sale will continue only a few days longer.

High Grade Shoes

—AT A—

Great Sacrifice.

The entire stock must be sold as I am going out of the Shoe business.

THE FINEST LINE OF

LADIES' OXFORD TIES

in the city.

Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Hand-made Blucher Oxford, former price $3.50, now $2.50.

Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Hand-made Oxford Ties, patent Tip, former price $3.25, now $2.30.

Saller, Lewin & Co.'s Hand-made Oxford Ties, common sense Opera Toe or patent Tip, former price $2.50, now $1.75.

Ladies' Dongola Oxford Ties, tan or black, former price $1.25, now 88c.

Ladies' Dongola Oxford Ties, common sense Opera Toe or Patent Tip, former price $1.25, now 83c.

Ladies' Dongola Oxford Ties, patent Tip, former price $1.00, now 66c.

Ladies' Oxford Ties, patent Tip, former price 75c, now 55c.

Opera Slippers 45c.

Ladies' Dongola Strap Sandals, former price $1, now 66c.

Ladies' Patent Vamp Strap Sandals, former price $1, now 75c.

Ladies' Dongola Strap Sandals with Buckles, former price $1.25, now $1.00.

Ladies' Pat Vamp Strap Sandals, with Buckles, former price $1.75, now $1.20.

Ladies' Tan Strap Sandals, former price $1.25, now 83c.

Ladies' Pat Vamp Sandals, Imitation Tip, former price $1.75, now $1.30.

An Immense Line of Ladies' Shoes in All Styles.

Ladies' Hand-made Dongola Button Shoes in Opera Toe and common sense or Patent Tip, former price $3, now $2.20.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, Opera Toe and common sense or Patent Tip, former price $2.50, now $1.87.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, Opera Toe and common sense patent Tip, former price $2.00, now $1.37.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoe, Opera Toe and common sense or patent Tip, former price $1.50, now $1.15.

The Latest Styles in Misses' and Children's Slippers.

Misses' Patent Vamp Strap Sandals, former price $1.25, now 93c, sizes 11½ to 2, same sizes 8½ to 11, 85c; same 5 to 8, 75c.

Misses' Dongola Strap Sandals, 11½ to 2, former price $1.25, now 93c.

Misses' Oxford Ties, Patent Tip Spring Heel, former price $1.25, now 75c.

Misses' Button Shoes, Patent Tip Spring Heel, former price $3.00, now $1.37.

Misses' Button Shoes, Patent Tip, Spring Heel, former price $1.50, now $1.10.

Misses' Button Shoes, Patent Tip, Spring Heel, former price $1.25, now 83c.

Misses' Patent Tip Spring Heel Button Shoes, former price $1.00 now 65c.

A Large Line of Men's Shoes.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf and vici Kid Shoes, Lace or Congress, former price $5, now $3.60.

Men's hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all styles toes, former price $4.00, now $2.75.

Men's Hand-sewed Russia Calf Shoes, Lace or Button, former price $4.00, now $2.75.

Men's Hand-sewed French Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, all style toes, former price $3.00, now $2.25.

Men's Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, former price $2.50, now $1.75.

Men's Satin Calf Shoes, Lace or Congress, former price $2.25, now $1.63.

Men's 1.50 Shoes, now 1.15.

Men's 1.25 Shoes, now 93c.

Men's Tan Lace Shoes, former price 2.00, now 1.50.

Remember this sale is limited to a few days only.

A. Shrier,

108 Market Street.

ap 7 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily paper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 13 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 00; one month, $10 00; two months, $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $70 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR, is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 25 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements a dollar per square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 17.

A BEEFY ARGUMENT.

A few weeks ago the "Big Four" (as they are called), meat handlers of the West formed a combine the result of which was an advance in the price of meats, amounting to about thirty per cent. to retail purchasers. Coincident with this there has been a small increase in the price of cattle. It is said that the advance in both cases is in consequence of a shortage in the cattle supply, which may have something to do with it, but the shortage isn't near as much of a boon to the cattle raisers as it was to the combiners whom it furnished with an excuse for "pooling their issues" and pulling the public.

It isn't plain why the price of beef should be now lugged in as an argument against an expansion of the currency whether by the coinage of silver or in some other way. Some of the anti-silver-men stand on tip-toe and exclaim, "Behold, ye free coinage dupes, (or words to that effect) how beef is rising in price in spite of the demonetization of silver, which the silver champions have been asserting was the cause of the decline in prices of the products of the farm and pasture. Doesn't this rise knock the bottom out of the demand for free coinage as the first step towards the permanent improvement in the prices of farm products and other things."

This is nonsense because like the extreme silver men they only look at one side and make no note of anything else. They contend that the decline in the price of meat was in consequence of the overproduction of meat, which though partially is not strictly true, for there has been a falling off in the production of meat for several years, without a corresponding increase in the price, because the meat buyers could get what they wanted and did not combine to raise prices. In this particular instance the increase in the price to the raiser is in no way connected with the volume of the currency, but is the result of a somewhat limited supply, which has forced the combiners to give this as reason for putting up prices when they had their warehouses packed, after calculating that out of the big profits they would make by the operation they could very well afford to make a small advance to the cattle raiser.

Of course every sensible person knows that a shortage in any article of common consumption will increase the selling price of that article, and so does every sensible person know that the selling price would increase more if money were plentiful so that those who needed the article would be the better able to buy. When money is scarce those who are not able to buy must do without, the result of which is a smaller demand and fewer sales, until the demand becomes so small that the sellers find it difficult to dispose of their stocks without coming down in their prices. This is the case now to some extent in the East, where the retail prices of beef have gone up to a figure at which many people have ceased to buy, or at least buy much less than they did when meat was cheaper.

If with the shortage in cattle there were an abundant volume of currency, wouldn't purchases be more liberal even at the increased prices? Wouldn't this keep up the demand for meat, keep up the prices to the cattle sellers and thus put more money into their pockets? The man who takes a fair, square, business-like view, unwarped by self interest or bias, has no difficulty in seeing that prices are governed both by the supply of the article in question and the supply of the medium by which the article is bought. If it were a barter, say, of corn for wheat, if there were a short stock of corn and a surplus stock of wheat corn would command wheat and be relatively more valuable, as it was last winter in the West when, for the first time in its history, it sold for more money than wheat did. So when there is only one dollar in circulation to the two that might be needed the one dollar possesses a greater purchasing power and will buy more wheat or corn or cotton or labor than it would if the two dollars were in circulation, whether the money be gold, silver or paper, because all of these are simply mediums of exchange established by law.

In this case the opponents of silver coinage jumped too soon when they essayed to convince the cattle raiser that the volume of currency has nothing to do with prices, and that he can get along just as well with the present volume as he could with a larger one, because the cattle raiser has sense enough to know that the price, which may have been influenced somewhat by the shortage in the supply, was mainly the result of the corner on meat, from which he derived an incidental benefit, but would have derived much more if money were plentiful enough to enable people whose earnings are now small to purchase as freely as they had been in the habit of doing before the prices went up. If there be any argument in this case at all bearing upon the silver question, it is in favor of the silver man, who contends that the greater the volume of the currency the better the prices, and the greater the demand for things which people are in the habit of using, but in the use of which they must exercise more economy when prices are high and money scarce. This is so apparent that even a child ought to see it.

MINOR MENTION.

The Republican organs never fail to give a sectional turn to acts proposed and passed by Congress when there have been a Democratic majority in either branch of that body. When the tariff was under discussion years ago, and every time attempts were made to modify it, it was represented that this was the work of "the Southern Brigadiers," who were inspired by sectional feeling, and jealous of the prosperity of the North under the protective tariff. When the Wilson bill was passed that was characterized as a Southern tariff, so framed as to benefit the South and injure the North. Of course there was not a particle of foundation for any of these assertions, and the only reason for making them was to array sectional feeling at the North and make what political capital there was to be made out of that. Now some of them are playing the income tax law, as a Southern invention devised to retaliate on the North for the protective tariff and the pension law. But as a matter of fact, the strongest support the income tax proposition received was from Western men and from Northern and Western papers. The popular sentiment in the West was very strong for it, and it was doubtless in deference to this that the proposition received such strong support from Western Senators and Representatives. The South was comparatively indifferent about it, and to assert that the South favored it out of spite, to get even with the rich men of the North is absurd nonsense. But if the South favored it for another reason, namely, that it would affect very few people in the South, as alleged, hadn't Southern Representatives as much right to support an income tax as the Representatives of the North eastern and Middle States had to support a tariff tax which levied tribute on all the other sections for the benefit of those two? That is what they had been doing for twenty-five years. It might as well be asserted that the protective tariff was passed to spite the South, as that the income tax was passed to spite the North.

* * *

If the terms of peace between Japan and China be as stated in the press dispatches published yesterday Japan got all there was to get except the absolute possession of China and she has practically got that by the alliance offensive and defensive, for in such association Japan will always be the controlling power, not only in the actual operations that might be necessary for defence or offence, but in the policies that might have a direct or indirect bearing on the relations of either country with other countries. China alone would never amount to much as a belligerent nation, but under the tuition and discipline of a resourceful, dashing, progressive and quick-witted people like the Japanese, she may develop into something far different from what she is. This alliance suggests that Japan intends to stand in the way of any further European attempts for the acquisition of territory within her sphere of influence. All the European powers are more or less interested in this feature of the treaty, but especially Russia, whose plans may be very seriously marred by it, for Russia was calculating on ultimately securing a dominating influence over Corea and China and the larger part of their most valuable trade, on which Japan has her eye. The other powers, however, would much rather see an alliance between Japan and China, than an alliance between Japan and Russia, or than between Russia and China, either of which would have been a formidable and perhaps more troublesome combination than that between Japan and China.

BOOK NOTICES.

The American Magazine of Civics, April, discusses some interesting topics now attracting more or less attention in this country. Published by Andrew J. Palm & Co., 38 Park Row, New York.

The Social Economist for April presents an interesting list of contents by writers on social and economic topics. Published by the Social Economist Publishing Company, Union Square, New York.

As usual *The Eclectic Magazine* for April gives its readers a capital selection of articles from the leading European periodicals, all of which are interesting. Published by E. R. Pelton, 144, Eighth street, New York.

The physician and the general reader will find the *Sanitarian* for April an interesting number. One of the leading articles in it is on "Alcoholism and the Gold Cure." Address A. N. Bell, Editor, 391 Union street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The North American Review for April contains a fine list of contents, embracing an article by Mr. Thurston, the Hawaiian Minister, which gives some valuable information on the growing greatness of the Pacific. Address, North American Review, No. 3 East Fourteenth street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT

— The income tax decision of the Supreme Court is not calculated to raise that Court in public estimation. Eight judges occupying the bench of the highest Court in the land, ought to be able to come nearer an agreement on an important question of law than half and half.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— The dude who inherits real estate enough from his father to give him an income of $25,000 or more a year will escape the income tax. The hard-working business man who labored for every dollar he owns, and who works day in and day out all the year and gets only four thousand dollars out of his business will have to pay the tax. No such law as that can stand.—*Savannah News, Dem.*

— A net advance in oil of 62 cents a barrel in one week is enough to cause the opening of many new wells—some say 15,000. Reckoning the cost of each at $4,000, this means an expenditure of $60,000,000. The 48,500,000 barrels of oil produced last year are worth, at present prices $72,500,000. As the product of gold last year was but $43,000,000, oil, it appears, is the better industry. The rise in oil is accompanied by an improved demand and better prices in other lines, so that the long expected business revival seems to be arriving. The wise management of the Treasury Department has relieved the former anxiety of the public and gives people courage to go into new enterprises.—*Baltimore Sun, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Louisburg *Times*: A prominent gentleman from the northeastern portion of this county informs the editor that there are a number of "grown men" in that section who actually thought that Fred. Douglass was a member of Cleveland's cabinet. No doubt they had been told so by some of the well-wishers or indorsers of the late Legislature.

— Charlotte *News*: At the Easter service, in the German Reformed Church in Concord, at 6 o'clock yesterday, Mrs. Kate Benson, while waiting for the beginning of the service became sick and on leaving the church, reached the parsonage near by where she died in a few minutes. She had been in her usual good health all day, was at the children's meeting in the First Presbyterian Church, and from there had gone to evening service in All Saint's Episcopal Church.

— Rutherford *Democrat*: Ernest Summer and Charlie West, the 15, the other 19 years of age, who resided with their parents near Arden, in Buncombe county, were assassinated in a most brutal and cowardly manner Friday night, as they were returning home from that place just after dark. They were riding "double" on one horse and were shot from ambush, when near the house of Jesse Summer, a neighbor and cousin of the Summer boy, and killed, the latter receiving twenty-two shots in his back and nine in his right arm.

— Alamance *Gleaner*: On last Friday the two-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Thompson was drowned at the old Grimes Mill on Mary's Creek, in Newlin's township. Mr. Thompson now owns this mill, and his family lives close by. He was doing some work on the mill, to which the child followed Mrs. Thompson. The latter returned to the house and missed the child, and search was at once made. The little one was found on a plank in the race in less than eight inches of the water, drowned. A physician was summoned and efforts at once made to resuscitate, but all in vain, though the child had been missed perhaps not over five minutes.

PALPITATION OF THE HEART.

Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Legs and Feet.

"For about four years I was troubled with palpitation of the heart, shortness of breath and swelling of the legs and feet. At times I would faint. I was treated by the best physicians in Savannah, Ga., with no relief. I then tried various Springs, without benefit. Finally I tried

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

also his Nerve and Liver Pills. *After beginning to take them I felt better!* I continued taking them, and I am now in better health than for many years. Since my recovery I have gained fifty pounds in weight. I hope this statement may be of value to some poor sufferer."

E. B. SUTTON, Ways Station, Ga.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

SPINAL weakness easily cured by Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters. Sold by all Druggists.

june 15 1y D&W fri su we change daily

TO WRITE THEIR HISTORY.

Histories of the North Carolina Regiments in the Confederate Service.

At the last meeting of the Confederate Veterans' Association a resolution was passed requesting Judge Walter Clark to procure the best man in each of the North Carolina regiments in the civil war to write a history of the regiment in which he served. It was contemplated that the sketch of each regiment, averaging, say, ten pages or more, would make a volume of 750 to 1,000 pages. Written by the pens of the men whose swords had made that history it will be an enduring and authentic monument to the generation who sacrificed themselves for their State in the great Civil War. Judge Avery, Gen. Hoke and Col. Wharton J. Green were appointed a committee to memorialize the Legislature to print the volume.

After consultation, as far as possible, with the survivors of each regiment, the following historians for the respective regiments have accepted and are at work. Many of these excellent sketches have already been completed and sent him.

The following is the list of historians, which will be read with interest. The survivors of each regiment are requested to furnish any data they may have to the historian of their regiment below named:

ORGANIZATION.	HISTORIANS
Medical staff	Dr P E Hines
Chaplain service	Rev A D Betts
Engineer service	Capt C B Denson
Adjutant General office	Maj A Gordon
Quartermaster department	———
Commissary department	———
Conscripts bureau	———
Junior & Sen. Res's	NC Col J W Hinsdale
Navy of North Carolina	———
Blockade running from Wilmington, Jas Sprunt	
Steamer Advance	Capt James Maglenn
"Bethel" regiment	Capt E J Hale
1st regiment	Col H A Brown
2d do	Gen W R Cox
3d do	Col W L DeRossel
4th do	Col E A Osborne
5th do	Lt C M Busbee and Maj (Judge) Jas C McRae.
6th do	Capt Neill W Ray
7th do	Maj J S Harriss
8th do	(Gov) Thos J Jarvis
9th do	(1st cav). Gen Rufus Barringer
10th do	(1st art'y) Lt Col W J Saunders
11th do	Col W J Martin
13th do	Lt (Judge) W A Montgomery
18th do	Col E B Withers
14th do	Col (Judge) R T Bennett
15th do	Col W F Green
17th do	Capt Wilson G Lamb
18th do	Lt Thos H Sutton
19th do	(3d cav) Maj W A Graham
20th do	Gen Thos F Toon
21st do	Gen W W Kirkland
23d do	Maj Graham Davis
33d do	Capt H Clay Wall
34th do	Capt E A Thorne
35th do	Capt G S Ferguson
36th do	Surgeon Geo C Underwood
37th do	Capt Jas A Graham
38th do	Gen Jas H Lane
39th do	Gen R B Vance
30th do	Col F M Parker
31st do	Col J V Jordan
32d do	Lt Henry A London
33d do	Maj J A Weston
34th do	Capt Thos D Lattimore
35th do	Capt W H S Burgwyn
36th do	(3d artillery) Col Wm Lamb
38th do	Col Geo W Flowers
39th do	Adjt Theo F Davidson
40th do	Capt T C Davis.
43d do	Col Thos S Kenan
44th do	Maj C M Stedman
45th do	Cyrus B Watson
46th do	Capt O W Carr
47th do	Capt John H Thorne
48th do	Capt W H Lawhon
49th do	Adjt (Judge) Thos R Roulhac
50th do	Capt J C Ellington
51st do	Maj A A McKeithan
52d do	Capt J H Robinson
53d do	Col Jas T Morehead
55th do	Capt C M Cooke
56th do	Major John W Graham
57th do	Col Ham C Jones
58th do	Col Isaac H Bailey
59th do	(4th cavalry) Capt R B Gaddy
60th do	Capt Thomas W Patton
61st do	Capt N A Ramsay
62d do	Col G M Clayton
63d do	(5th cav'y) Col Jno M Galloway
64th do	Capt Melvin E Carter
65th do	(6th cavalry) Capt M V Moore
66th do	Adjt Geo M Rose
67th do	Col R W Wharton
69th do	(Thomas' Legion) Major W W Stringfield.
70th do	(1st Junior Reserves) Col C W Broadfoot and Capt Thos L Lea.
72d do	(8d Junior Reserves) Lt Fab H Busbee.
75th do	(7th cavalry) Lt W F Parker
1st bat	Col R W Wharton
2d do	Col Wharton J Green
5th do	Lt (Judge) Thos C Fuller
6th do	Adjt M P Taylor
8th do	Capt Woodbury Wheeler
1st art'y	Lt T A McNeill

Thomas' Cavalry, battalion, Maj W W Stringfield.

Avery's Battalion, Major (Judge) A C Avery.

Each of the above has accepted the "assignment to duty" and has either written the sketch of his regiment or will have it ready by July 1st. It is a splendid list of soldiers and writers, the best possible now, after the gaps made by the thirty years since the war. One of the writers (Gen. Barringer) has died since filling this last duty to his comrades. Five other generals are in the list as historians of their former regiments. Two of the regiments, the 73d and 74th, were Senior Reserves and naturally no survivor of them has been found who could write the sketches of those regiments. Neither has any historian yet been found to write the sketches of the following gallant regiments, though great efforts have been made, i. e., 16th, 37th, 41st, (3rd cav); 42nd, 54th, 68th, 71st, (2nd Junior Reserves), and following Battalions—3rd, 4th, 7th, 9th and 10th.

It would be a subject of regret if the volume shall appear with those regiments omitted. Any survivor of those commands who may see this will do well to write to Judge Walter Clark, of Raleigh, N. C., suggesting some suitable man to write the history of his regiment.

TWINKLINGS

—"Bless him," she mused. "There's none of the new man nonsense about him." With a tender smile she watched her husband as he sang the children to sleep.—*Detroit Tribune.*

— Mrs. Naggers—the dentist half killed me this afternoon. Wasn't it too bad?

Mr. Naggers—Yes, I don't believe in this way of half doing things.—*N. Y. Herald.*

— Vigilance Committee (at the door)—Throw up your hands, Ike! We are goin' to lynch you for hoss-stealin'."

Alkali Ike (leaping out the back window)—I'll be hanged if you do.—*Life.*

— "Some women can't believe a word their husbands say," she remarked.

"Well," confided the other, "I'm not quite so badly off as that. My husband talks in his sleep occasionally."—*Washington Star.*

— A party of vigilants in Missour met a suspicious looking stranger, to whom the leader said threateningly: "We are looking for some horses that have been spirited away. Perhaps you can tell us something about them?" "Hang me if I know," said the man earnestly, and they let him go.—*Detroit Free Press.*

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY.

THE OLD LADY'S VISIT.

Waiting For a City Friend With Three Jars of Buttermilk.

The last passenger to leave the 6:30 train on the Mississippi Central railroad after it drew to a standstill one summer afternoon was a little old woman in black. A wisp of gray hair straggled from under an old fashioned poke bonnet, and a pair of kindly blue eyes looked out from behind her steel rimmed spectacles. In one hand she carried a huge, shiny valise, the key of which was tied to the handle with a strip of calico cloth. When she was part way up the platform, she stopped, with a troubled look, and watched the baggagemen toil by with their loaded trucks. Presently she dropped the valise and opened a big black fan which was fastened to her waist by a velvet ribbon. After she had waited some time one of the depot ushers came along and asked if he could be of any service to her.

"Why, thank you, I think not," she answered. "I am waiting for Dick Robinson."

The depot usher hurried on and paid no more attention to the little old woman. When he came back a half hour later, she was still standing where he had left her, gently fanning herself with the black fan. "Has your friend come yet?" asked the usher.

"No," she answered. "His watch must have been slow."

"Did he expect you by this train?"

"Well, you see, it's this way: Last summer Dick and his wife came over to Briggsburg to visit the Coopers. While they were there they came over often to my place to get a drink of buttermilk. Well, we got friendly, and Sarah told me a lot of things about Chicago, and that she couldn't by no manner of means get buttermilk in the city. Before Dick went back he came around and says: 'Mrs. Beggs, just take a run up to Chicago next summer and visit us. Let us know when you're coming, and I'll meet you at the depot.' And so I'm here, and I've got three jars of fresh buttermilk for them in that bag."

The depot usher helped the little old woman to a seat in the waiting room, and then he searched the directory for Richard Robinson. His charge couldn't help him much, because she didn't know Dick's occupation.

"All I know," she explained, "is that he's a genuine gentleman, and if he had got my letter he'd 'a' been here." The usher made a list of two or three addresses and put the woman in charge of a trusty cabman, with instructions to find Dick. Two hours later the driver came back with the report that his fare was delivering her buttermilk.—Chicago Record.

Scorpions.

The natives of Lucca, in Italy, assert that the scorpion will destroy itself if exposed to a sudden light, and a writer in Nature said that his informant and her friends, while residing during the summer months at the baths of Lucca, were much annoyed by the intrusion of small black scorpions into the house and their being secreted among the bedclothes, in shoes and in other articles of dress; that they soon became adepts in catching the scorpions and disposing of them in the manner suggested. "This consisted in confining the animal under an inverted drinking glass or tumbler below which a card was inserted when the capture was made and then waiting till dark, suddenly bringing the light of a candle near to the glass in which the animal was confined. No sooner was this done than the scorpion invariably showed signs of great excitement, running round and round the interior of the tumbler with reckless velocity for a number of times.

"This state having lasted for a minute or more, the animal suddenly became quiet, and turning its tail, or the hinder part of its body, over its back, brought its recurved sting down upon the middle of the head, and piercing it forcibly in a few seconds became quite motionless, and, in fact, quite dead. This observation was repeated very frequently—in truth, it was adopted as the best plan of getting rid of the pests, and the young people were in the habit of handling them with impunity immediately after they were so killed and of preserving many of them as curiosities." It is known that scorpions kill themselves when surrounded by a ring of fire.

Ammunition In Africa.

"All of the native Uganda soldiers, I notice, had well filled cartridge belts round their waists. In my innocence, as I thought of all the thunders of the general act of the Brussels conference and all the ordinances, enactments and regulations which had been published thereafter by different powers having possessions on the African coast, I wondered how, in the very center of Africa, these people were enabled to keep their belts so well replenished with cartridges of different and of the most modern patterns.

"I had not been a month in the country before I learned that, for those who had the wherewithal to trade, guns, powder, lead and all the instruments of destruction thereunto appertaining could be as easily purchased in Uganda as in Pall Mall."—"The British Mission in Uganda, 1893," Rennell Rodd.

Thirty Miles In the Earth.

Rev. Osmond Fisher, in a very reliable work entitled "Physics of the Earth's Crust," says that "the rate of increase in temperature as the distance beneath the surface is augmented is, on the whole, an equable one and may be taken to average about a degree for each 51 feet." Figuring on this statement as the most reliable, we find that at a depth of 80 miles below the surface all known metals and rocks are in a state of white hot fusion.

There are about 54 national flags in the world, besides the flags of various colonies and parts of empires, such as the flags of Canada and of Ireland, the flags of Prussia and of the free cities of the German empire.

Triumphs of Realism.

"Apelles painted a bunch of grapes with such skill that the birds tried to eat them."

"That's nothing. Mr. Van Daub painted a ship in a storm that made every one who saw it sick."—Vogue.

R. C. Taylor, Murfreesboro, Tenn, writes: I have used the Japanese Pile Cure with great satisfaction and success. J. H. HARDIN, J. H. BUNTING.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred, Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so-called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c. for large bottle. At R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

THE OLD LADY'S VISIT.

Why She Was Out.

She came in answer to my advertisement for a "waiting maid." She was towheaded, pimpled and freckled. When I questioned her as to her ability to fill the above named position, she answered with modestly dropped eyes and promiscuously dropped "h's. When I inquired why she had left her former situation, she told me the following story: "The loidy where I lived larst 'ad a 'ansome little poodle dawg nymed Scipio. She nymed 'im harfter a bansunt Rummun—I suppose because 'e was such a little rum un isself. Scipio, 'e was troubled with somethink of a hirritatin natur', an the misses harsked me to herradicate it. So I saturated Scipio with turpentine an shut 'im in a room with a good 'ot fire, so he wouldn't ketch cold. Scipio, 'e was a werry hintelligent hanimal, 'e was, an feelin cold an damp 'e poked the fire a bit with his toy. W'en I went hinto the room a' 'arf 'our later, there wasn't a 'air or 'ide or heven a grease spot left o' 'im, an thot's why I'm looking for another sitooation, mem."—London Truth.

The Biggest Goose.

I heard the other day an amusing tale of a certain well known English nobleman who had imported two emus with the hope of breeding from them, and on leaving his estate for town left also strict injunctions that the greatest care should be taken of the lady emu if she produced the desired egg or eggs. The egg arrived in due course; but, as artists have found before now, the lady declined to "sit." The steward, however, was an ingenious man and thought of a substitute, but his powers of composition were by no means on a par with his inventiveness, and he announced the interesting event to his master in the following terms:

"The emu has laid an egg, but we were in a great difficulty, as she would not sit on it. I did what I thought was best, and in your lordship's absence I have placed the egg under the biggest goose on the estate."—Pall Mall Gazette.

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-lb Jute		6
Standard	7½@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams	13½@	14
Sides	9½@	10
Shoulders	@	8¼
DRY SALTED—		
Sides	@	7½
Shoulders	6½@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00@	1 15
New Rosin Casks, each	1 35@	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX	@	20
BRICKS—		
Wilmington	6 50@	7 00
Northern	9 00@	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina	15	
Northern	23@	25
CORN MEAL—	@	38
Per bushel, in sacks	53½@	55
Virginia Meal	48@	55
COTTON TIES— per bundle	@	70
CANDLES—		
Sperm	18@	20
Adamantine	9@	10
CHEESE—		
Northern Factory	10@	11
Dairy, Cream	11@	12
State	@	10
COFFEE—	@	22
Laguyra	20@	23
Rio	15@	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, per yard	6@	7½
Yarns, per bunch	18@	20
EGGS— per dozen	10@	
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, per barrel	22 00@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, per half-barrel	11 00@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, per barrel	16 00@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, per half-barrel	8 00@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, per barrel	13 00@	14 00
Mullets, per barrel	3 25@	3 50
Mullets, per half barrel	@	2 00
N. C. Roe Herring, per keg	3 50@	4 00
Dry Cod, per lb	5@	10
FLOUR— per barrel		
Western, low grade	2 50@	3 50
" Extra	3 75@	4 25
" Straight	3 25@	
Second Patent	4 00@	
Fine Patent	4 25@	4 50
City Mills—Super	@	2 50
" Family	3 25@	
GLUE— per lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— per bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	87½@	
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	55
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	55
Oats, from store	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof	@	55
Cow Peas	85@	90
HIDES, per lb—		
Green	@	4
Dry	@	8½
HAY, per 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	90
HOOP IRON, per lb	2@	3½
LARD, per lb—		
Northern	6½@	9@
North Carolina	8½@	9
LIME, per barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) per M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00@	20 00
Rough Edge Plank	15 00@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00@	15 00
MOLASSES, per gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	26
" in bbls	@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25@	27½
" in bbls	@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds	@	16
" in bbls	@	16
Syrup, in bbls	26@	45
NAILS, per keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 00@	1 10
PORK, per bbl—		
City Mess	@	14 50
Rump	@	14 00
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, per lb	10@	12
SALT, per sack—		
Liverpool	@	75
Isabon	@	65
American	@	65
" 12½ lb Sacks	45@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, 4 M	5 00@	7 00
Common	2 00@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50@	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, per lb—Standard Gran'd	@	4½
Standard A	@	4½
White Ex	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	@	4
C, Yellow	@	3½
SOAP, per lb—Northern	3½@	4
STAVES, per M—W. O. Barrel	8 00@	11
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, per M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	8 00
Mill, Fair	6 50@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00@	3 50
TALLOW, per lb	5@	6
WHISKEY, per gallon—Northern	1 00@	2
North Carolina	1 00@	2
WOOL, per lb—Washed	18@	20
Unwashed	9@	12
RICE— Carolina	4@	5
" Upland	50@	70
" Land	1 00@	1 15
HAY, per 100 lbs	@	1 00
" Clover	@	1 00
POTATOES, per bushel—		
Sweet	30@	50
Irish, per bbl	2 75@	3 00
OILS, per gallon—		
Kerosene	10@	14
Lard	@	90
Linseed	@	60
Rosin	@	18
Tar	@	80
Duck and Spar	@	1 25
POULTRY—		
Chickens, Live per lb	18@	20½
" Spr	16@	20
Turkeys	6@	1 00
PEANUTS, per bushel	35@	55

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 16.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 27 cents per gallon.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl. for Strained and $1 20 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl. of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market steady at $1 20 for Hard, $2 00 for Yellow Dip and $2 40 for Virgin.

COTTON—Steady.

Ordinary	5⅝ cts ₱ lb
Good Ordinary	4⅞ " "
Low Middling	5 9-16 " "
Middling	6 " "
Good Middling	6⅝ " "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	219 bales
Spirits Turpentine	46 casks
Rosin	535 bbls
Tar	126 bbls
Crude Turpentine	17 bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 16—Evening—Money on call was easy at 1½@2½ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent., and closing offered at 2 cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 488½@488¾ for sixty days and 489¾ for demand. Commercial bills 487½@488. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 119¼; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 109; North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day sold at 67½@67¼ for three ounces

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK April 16—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 7 1 16c, middling uplands 6 13 16c.

Futures closed barely steady; sales of 266,000 bales; April 6.68c; May 6.70c; June 6.85c; July 6.89c; August 6.79; September 6.73c; October 6.75, November 6.79c; December 6.84c; January 6.89; February 6.94c; March 7.00c.

Net receipts 618 bales; gross receipts 2,781 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,885 bales; exports to France —— bales, exports to the Continent 2,885 bales; forwarded 469 bales; sales 564 bales, sales tospinners 114 bales; stock (actual) 217,603 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 14,406 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,830 bales; exports to France 5,967 bales; exports to the Continent 14,173 bales; stock 747,476 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 43,412 bales; exports to Great Britain 23,103 bales; to France 9,975 bales; to the Continent 33,896 bales; to the Channel —— bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 7,580,831 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,000,693 bales; exports to France 780,055 bales; exports to the Continent 2,1472,01 bales.

Flour firm, with a fair demand; winter wheat, low grades $1 90@2 80; fair to fancy grades $2 85@3 90; patents $3 75@3 40; Minnesota clear $3 40@3 90; do. patents $3 95@4 10; low extras $1 90@2 30; city mills $3 35@3 40; Southern floor quiet firm, common to fair extra $1 90@2 75, good to choice do. $2 80@3 25. Wheat dull and firm; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 61¼@61¾c; afloat 62¾@63c; options were more active, excited and irregular, advancing ⅝@¾c, declining ⅝@¾c and closing weak at ¼c below yesterday to ¼c advance, No.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I use Castoria in my practice, and find it specially adapted to affections of children." ALEX. ROBERTSON, M.D., 1057 2d Ave., New York.

THE CENTAUR CO., 77 Murray St., N. Y.

What is Castoria

Castoria is **Dr. Samuel Pitcher's** prescription for **Infants and Children.** It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by millions of **Mothers. Castoria** is the Children's Panacea—the **Mother's** Friend.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of

is on the wrapper. As We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

MAGNETIC NERVINE.

BEFORE AFTER

Is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium Tobacco and Alcohol; Mental Depression, **Softening of** the Brain, causing **Misery, Insanity and Death;** Barrenness, Impotency, **Lost Power** in either sex, **Premature Old Age,** Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and **Errors of Youth.** It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the joys of life; cures Leucorrhœa and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a **Written Guarantee** to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y. M. C. A. Building.
For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN,
ap 2 D&W 1y ch sat Wilmington N. C.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

FOR

MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatics,	Scratches,	Contracted
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Muscles,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Eruptions,
Burns,	Stitches,	Hoof Ail,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Screw
Stings,	Backache,	Worms,
Bites,	Galls,	Swinney,
Bruises,	Sores,	Saddle Galls,
Bunions,	Spavin	Piles.
Corns,	Cracks.	

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal** applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The **Lumberman** needs it in case of accident.
The **Housewife** needs it for general family use.
The **Canner** needs it for his teams and his men.
The **Mechanic** needs it always on his work bench.
The **Miner** needs it in case of emergency.
The **Pioneer** needs it—can't get along without it.
The **Farmer** needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.
The **Steamboat man or the Boatman** needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.
The **Horse-fancier** needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.
The **Stock-grower** needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.
The **Railroad man** needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.
The **Backwoodsman** needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.
The **Merchant** needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the **Mustang Liniment** is wanted at once.
Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.
Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.
Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

JOYANCE AND SPRING.

Dear, what hast thou to do
With the cold moan,
Free to range, fleet to change
So far and soon?

Dear, what hast thou to do
With the hoar sea?
Love alone is his own
Eternity.

Dear, what hast thou to do
With anything
In the wide world, beside
Joyance and spring?
—Bliss Carman in Town Topics.

HIS WAX FIGURE.

We had been discussing fame and its reward. We assumed that we, each and all of us, had attained eminence, and we speculated on the honor that we should elect to receive from a gracious sovereign and a grateful country. Some chose the Garter, others an earldom, others a pecuniary grant, but Colonel Holborow would have none of these. He poohpoohed them, and bringing his fist down on the table he declared:

"There is only one indisputable and supreme mark of greatness."

"And what is that?" asked one of us.

"Why, to be in the waxworks," said he.

"True, true!" I cried, but added sadly, "but it's almost impossible to achieve unless you commit a murder."

"I don't know about that," said Jack Dexter, who had up to that moment taken no part in the conversation. "I'm in a waxworks show myself, not in London, you know, but—well, have any of you fellows visited Petersburg?"

We all admitted that we had not. "Ah, then you haven't seen my image," said Jack regretfully. "It's in Mme. Marribon's famous exhibition there."

"But, my dear Jack," said the colonel, "how in the world did it come about?"

"It's rather a curious story," said Jack. "I'll tell it you if you'll all promise that it shall go no further. You won't mind if I don't mention names?"

We promised discretion and said that we should be quite satisfied with A, B, C, or X, Y, Z, or such other symbols as Jack chose to adopt.

"Well," he began, "when I was a few years younger and a good deal more foolish than I am now—it was before that affair about Lady Mary Fitzmoine that I told you of the other day—I spent a winter at Petersburg, and there I made the acquaintance of one of the most beautiful women who, I suppose, ever lived."

Jack paused to allow the sensation to take full effect, but we showed no surprise, and with a slight frown he continued:

"I'll call her the Princess X.—Princess Nadia X. She was married to a grumpy wretch, who held a high position in the police and treated her, upon my word, little better than if she had been a nihilist. I pitied her. I must admit—I am among gentlemen—that I also admired her, and that a warm, although perfectly honorable, attachment sprang up between us. Her husband was, however, savagely and unreasonably jealous, and what with him, his spies and his mother (the worst spy of all) it was with the utmost difficulty that I succeeded in seeing anything of the princess. I dared not to call at her house more than once a month, and I was driven—positively driven—to a thing for which I entertain the greatest dislike. I was, I say, compelled to make arrangements which insured my being present at various places of public resort—picture galleries and the like—at the times which the princess selected for visiting them. By these means we were enabled to enjoy many most charming conversations, and it was my privilege to support and sustain the princess in the very trying circumstances in which her lot was cast. I did this, I need not say, at very considerable risk. I was not blind to the danger I ran. Her husband wielded large and secret powers. Save that I was an English subject, I was entirely powerless against him, and it would have been a long time before the voice of a prisoner in the fortress of Peter and Paul reached the ears of the foreign office. However, I took the risk. Nadia needed me, and that was enough.

"But of all our rendezvous there was none which we found more convenient and suitable than Mme. Marribon's waxworks exhibition. It was a long way from the princess' residence, in an unfashionable quarter of the town, and was frequented mainly by persons who did not move in society and were quite unfamiliar with faces as well known in the great world as those of the princess and myself. Our only danger arose from the maidservants of our acquaintances and from the police, but by avoiding the gallery in which the figures of murderers and other criminals were exhibited we reduced this peril to a minimum—for of course the servants were attracted by the criminals, and the police were attracted by the servants. Our favorite nook was beside a group of savants of European reputation and immediately behind the prime ministers of Europe. This spot we usually had quite to ourselves.

"Well, one day we were sitting there. Poor Nadia had for a moment forgotten her troubles and was talking with the rare wit and brilliancy which marked her conversation when she was in good spirits. I was keeping up the ball of talk as well as I could and was gazing, not, I hope, too passionately, at her incomparable complexion and magnificent dark eyes—like deep water seen by moonlight, they were. Dear, dear!"

Jack paused for a moment and took a sip from his glass. We sipped sympathetically, and he regained his composure.

"Suddenly, just as I was telling the princess a most interesting occurrence which had befallen me on the journey out and brought me into contact with a person whose name you would all know if I were to mention it, the princess gave a startled little cry.

"'What's the matter, my dearest princess?' I asked.

"She pointed to the other end of the gallery.

"'It's my husband's mother,' she whispered. 'She must have had a suspicion and followed us. What shall I do?'

"I looked and perceived a large and stately old lady in gold eyeglasses approaching us. There was but one door to the gallery, and the approach to that was barred by the princess' mother-in-law. In another moment she would be upon us, and although I knew her to be nearsighted I could not hope that she would fail to recognize Nadia. If something were not done at once, we were ruined.

"Now, I never boast or make myself out cleverer than I am. I admit freely that I was at my wits' end. I could do nothing and think of nothing. Our salvation was due not to me, but to the quick woman's wit which lay in Nadia's perfect little head.

"'Quick!' she whispered. 'Step up on the platform—there—beside Kant. Fold your arms. Frown. That's right. What's that society you told me you belonged to—the one that has the animals?'

"'The Zoological,' I answered.

"'Yes, that's it. Stand quite still.'

"I obeyed her, and she seized from the feet of Isaac Newton a placard bearing a notice in Russian and French: 'It is strictly forbidden to touch the figures. Offenders will be prosecuted with the utmost rigor of the law' (not a light matter, mind you, in Russia). She propped the board up against my legs, whispered, 'Be sure you don't wink!' and with a gracious, winning smile advanced to meet her mother-in-law. I had never admired her more than at that moment.

"'Why, have you heard of it, too?' she exclaimed.

"'Nadia! What are you doing here? Are you alone?'

"'Of course, dear. I came to see the model. Didn't you?'

"'What model, child?'

"'Why, of our friend Mr. Dexter.'

"'That young man?'

"'Yes. Don't you know he's one of the greatest zoologists in the world, and Marribon has just put up a model of him. Look, here it is!'

"I don't know that I'm more nervous than other people, but it was, I confess, a trying moment when the old lady put up her eyeglasses and stared at me. Dear Nadia stuck her pretty head on one side in a critical way and said:

"'I don't call it very good. Do you? It's so stiff and unnatural.'

"The old lady said nothing. She came a step nearer and raised her parasol. The old wretch was going to poke me!

"'Oh, but you mustn't touch it!' cried Nadia, turning pale. 'Look at the notice!'

"The old lady advanced her parasol. But at this moment one of the police appeared at her elbow.

"'You mustn't touch the figures, madame,' said he, and I blessed him for every word.

"Never a word did the old princess speak. She glared at me, she glared at Nadia, and she glared at the policeman, and she turned round and walked out of the gallery. The policeman followed her. Nadia softly clapped her hands. I sprang forward, seized her slim fingers and kissed them.

"'Oh, we're not safe yet,' she said. 'My mother-in-law suspects. Luckily the place closes in a quarter of an hour, and she can't do anything tonight, and the prince won't be back from Moscow till the day after tomorrow. Jack there must be a real model of you by then.'

"I was amazed, but I listened to her instructions. Taking out her purse, she pressed it on me. I refused, but on finding that I had only a £5 pound note I was compelled to accept 20,000 rubles—the X.'s are fabulously rich, you know. I escorted the princess to a cab, and then I called on the proprietor of the exhibition.

"Well, to make a long story short, I, or rather the princess' rubles—I kept one, and wear it now on my watch chain; see, here it is!—overcame Mme. Marribon's surprise and swept away her scruples. I admitted that she might, not unnaturally, never have heard of Professor Dexter, but I told her that the name was a household word in all cultivated circles in England and America, and I promised her to pay all expenses and 10,000 rubles if a portrait model of the great zoologist stood beside Kant in 36 hours. The result was that by 6 o'clock in the evening I was sitting in an armchair and young M. Marribon was taking a cast of my features in plaster of paris. At this moment, however, there occurred an interruption which, if it had come a little sooner, would have ruined the whole affair.

As I sat, covered with the plaster, except where holes were left for sight and breathing, I saw, to my consternation, the same policeman who had been in the gallery in the afternoon enter the room. He brought with him an official notice.

"'Order from the minister of the interior,' he said. 'You're to close tomorrow—day of intercession for the safety of the czar ordered, and all public exhibitions to be closed.'

"I rejoiced to hear that. It smoothed my way, but I wished the policeman would take himself off.

"'Hello!' he said. 'Who have we here? I must have his name, please.'

"'This is Mr. Dexter, the great zoologist.'

"'Who's he? Come, M. Marribon, I must have that stuff off his face, you know. Why, he might be a nihilist, or anybody you like, and me none the wiser, with that stuff on him.'

"'But, my dear sir,' pleaded Marribon, 'the stuff won't come off. If I try to remove it before it hardens, it will tear off his skin with it.' That is the case with plaster of paris, you know, colonel.

"'Can't help it,' said the brute. 'I've got my orders, and no distinction is made as to the effect on the skin. I must see his face.'

"'Oh, impossible!' cried Marribon. 'It would be a barbarity! It will be dry in 15 minutes.'

"'Then I'll wait,' said the man, and he sat down.

"As you may suppose, my brain was busy during those 15 minutes. If I could speak alone to Marribon for an instant, I saw my way. An idea struck me. Speaking as well as I could through the mouth hole, I suggested that we were probably all thirsty, and I held out some rubles. Would the gentleman fetch some brandy? He wavered and fell. He was gone five minutes. When he returned, my face was uncovered and Marribon richer by some valuable instructions and a couple of thousand more rubles.

"'Why, you've got a figure of him already!' cried the policeman.

"'Certainly we had, but Mr. Dexter was not satisfied with it, so I have taken advantage of his visit here to take a fresh cast.'

"The man looked suspicious.

"'Where's the old one?' he asked.

"'It's melted down,' said Marribon suavely as he poured out the brandy.

"That peril was past. My next visit was to Marribon's advertising agents. By next morning we flooded the town with posters, announcing the new and interesting addition to the exhibition. I received scores of congratulations on my distinction, and also on my singular modesty, for nobody in Russia had ever heard of my fame as a zoologist before. I accepted the kind words of my friends with gratitude, and I invited a large company to lunch on the following day, proposing that we should afterward go and view the model. My guests included Prince and Princess X. and the prince's mother.

"Behold us, then, the next day in the gallery! Nadia and I were somewhat nervous, the prince as glum as usual, the old lady very curious, and the rest of the company politely interested. There was the model, and I am bound to say that it was not a very good one.

"'Yes,' said Nadia, 'it is stiff and awkward. I said so before to your mother, prince.'

"'Did you?' he growled.

"Then the old lady, who had been examining the figure carefully, burst out in acid triumph:

"'It's not the figure I saw! What's the meaning of this? The one I saw had a red flower in its buttonhole. Nadia, what's the meaning of this?'

"The poor girl flushed crimson, but I interposed with great suavity:

"'You are perfectly right, princess.' The figure is not the same. The one you saw was an experiment—a trial. It was considered unsatisfactory and was melted down. This is a new one. Isn't that so, M. Marribon?'

"'It is so, monsieur,' said Marribon, who was accompanying our distinguished party.

"'But,' cried the old lady, 'the one I saw was a thousand times better. It was most lifelike.'

"'Oh, did you think so, dear?' protested Nadia.

"Suddenly the prince turned furiously to Marribon.

"'Speak the truth,' he cried, 'as you told it to me at the police bureau this morning!'

"The wretch looked at me with an expression of helpless apology and behind him I saw that policeman!

"'Does M. le Prince cite M. Marribon to contradict me?' I asked haughtily.

"'You'll hear what he says. The truth, sir, not the lies you bribed him to tell.'

"Marribon had sold me! No doubt the policeman had smelt a rat, and the prince's threat had done the rest. In a trembling voice the wretch began to repeat the whole story of how I went to him. The old princess' eyes blazed with triumphant malice, the prince listened with a grim smile, and poor Nadia was as pale as a ghost, and, as you may suppose, I was very uncomfortable.

"'Then,' asked the prince, 'there was no figure of this gentleman here at all the day before yesterday?'

"'None, your highness.'

"'Yet my mother saw one, and you, policeman, saw one?'

"The policeman stepped forward.

"'I saw a figure, your highness,' said he.

"'I think we will ask Mr. Dexter to explain,' grinned the prince. 'Otherwise we must come to the conclusion that there was no figure.'

"I had nothing to say.

"'And,' he pursued, 'that a trick has been played, and that the pretended figure was Mr. Dexter himself, who undertook this deception for motives not hard to guess,' and he stared cruelly at the hapless Nadia.

"Every one was silent. The truth seemed now too plain to be denied. I saw what would happen. My portrait would be ignominiously ordered off, I ran a risk of worse things, and I did not dare to think what would happen to poor Nadia, who, overcome by shame, began to shed tears.

"At this moment a quiet, grave voice was heard. Everybody listened, for it proceeded from the Grand Duke A., who was (I forget whether I mentioned it before) one of my guests.

"'I can understand the princess' indignation and the emotion she shows,' said the grand duke. 'What I do not understand, and I desire to speak with all respect of Prince X., is the remarkable scene to which we have been treated. What may be the motives of this rogue,' he indicated Marribon, 'I do not know, but I am so happy as to be able to bear testimony, which will command, I venture to think, at least as much attention as that of a felllow who comes forward with such a tale. Pray, Prince X., are you willing to accept my word against that of your waxwork maker and your policeman?'

"Every one was astonished, I most of all. Nadia looked up with a gleam of hope in her eyes. Of course the prince could do nothing but bow deferentially and say:

"'Whatever your imperial highness speaks to needs, sir, no confirmation, and is affected by no contradiction.'

"'I am obliged to you,' said the grand duke stiffly. 'What I have to say is simply this—that in the morning of the day before yesterday, at the invitation of my good and distinguished friend, Mr. Dexter, whose merits the czar, no less than myself, is delighted to see recognized, I accompanied him to this gallery, incognito, for the purpose of giving him my opinion on the experimental figure. The figure was then in its place, and I inspected it in ocmpany with Mr. Dexter himself. It will hardly be suggested that I saw double.'

"He ceased. I dared not look at him. The prince and his mother were confounded, but they could say nothing. Nadia was full of gratitude and began to thank the grand duke warmly.

"'I have only said what any gentleman would,' said the grand duke, bowing respectfully to her.

"In fact, we triumphed all along the line, and there stands the model of me to this day, unless, of course, it has been removed since I was there.'

"'And what became of Marribon?' I asked.

"'He got 12 months, the rascal, for slander. The prince was forced to do it by the grand duke.'

"'But, Jack,' said the colonel, 'why did the grand duke'—

"'Oh, well,' said Jack, 'he was a very gallant man, and—this is between ourselves, you know—he had a tenderness for Nadia himself. She never returned it—why, of course, I don't know—which makes his conduct all the more handsome.'

He rose and moved toward the door.

"She was a woman of great presence of mind, your princess,' some one observed.

"'Wonderful!' said Jack. 'And of even more marvelous beauty,' and he laid his hand on the door.

"'What's become of her?' cried the colonel. 'Do you ever see her now?'

"'Never. I never shall again,' said Jack, in tones of deep emotion, as he opened the door.

"'But, good gracious, what's happened to her?'

Jack turned round as he was half way out of the room. He shook his head sadly, cleared his throat, and ejaculated one terrible word—'Siberia!'

And he shut the door.—Anthony Hope in English Illustrated Magazine.

A Maker of Glass Eyes.

Visitors to the World's fair will remember the quaint little workman who sat in one corner of a great building and made eyes from morning until night, part of them for dolls, part of them for human beings and occasionally one for a horse or some other pet animal. The workman, whose name was Muller, had come over from Germany to show how his people worked, and when the fair was over he set up a little shop in Chicago and tried for awhile to make his industry flourish on American soil. But after a time he found that the wholesale dealers persisted in sending across the water for their supplies, and he grew so homesick that he finally returned to the fatherland, and he is now doubtless working in some one of the quaint little Thuringian villages.

It will be remembered that he was marvelously deft in his work. First he blew a bulb from molten glass. Then, when it was cold, he carefully broke off one side so as to leave a shell, the edges of which were blunted by melting. He secured the proper size of eye by having the person for whom it was made stand before him as he worked. Having the shell complete, he bent down over a Bunsen burner, and just touching its upper surface to the flame he worked the eye design on the glass with little sticks of varicolored glass, the points of which were melted in the flame.

The work required a wonderfully steady hand and a true eye in order to make the iris and the retina of the proper color and shape. The workman is so skilled that he can copy direct from the person who stands before him.—Chicago Record.

No "Drawings" In His Ear.

Have you any special name to describe the wrinkles, or convolutions, or plaiting, or whatever is the proper name for the inequalites in the inner surface of the outer ear? A woman artist, discussing a man, disclosed the artist's name for them. She said the man could not be trusted "because he has no drawings in his ear." She meant that the inner surface of the "shell" of the ear was smooth.—New York Sun.

You Don't Have to Swear Off

Says the St. Louis *Journal of Agriculture* in an editorial about No-To-Bac, the famous tobacco habit cure. "We know of many cases cured by No-To-Bac, one, a prominent St. Louis architect, smoked and chewed for twenty years; two boxes cured him so that even the smell of tobacco makes him sick." No-To-Bac sold and guaranteed by R. R. BELLAMY & Co. No cure no pay. Book free. Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago.

Knights of the Maccabees.

The State Commander writes us from Lincoln, Neb., as follows: "After trying other medicines for what seemed to be a very obstinate cough in our two children we tried Dr. King's New Discovery and at the end of two days the cough entirely left them. We will not be without it hereafter, as our experience proves that it cures where all other remedies fail." Signed F. W. Stevens, State Com. Why not give this great medicine a trial, as it is guaranteed and trial bottles are free at R. R. Bellamy's drug store. Regular size 50c. and $1.

Woman is a Conundrum!

We have yet got to guess her, but this we do know. She likes to dress and likes to dress in style. We have the goods and we have the price. Give us a chance and we will divide the slice. Our stylish Spring dress goods are still in the lead. Our line of Shallics at 5c is the prettiest you ever saw. Our Ginghams are way down from 8c, 4c, 5c, 6c, up to 9c. We have 40 bolts of Zephyr and fine Ginghams that is worth 10c per yard which we will close out at 7c, less than cost. Our Danish cloth, in all colors, at 10c, are the best goods in town. Our line of ducks are from 9c, 10c, 12½c and 15c per yard in all the leading shades.

Our Sateen in light colors at 10c are the cheapest in the State; dark colors from 8½c to 18c. Plaids and stripes are 18c and look like silk. Our line of Tafata Morie, black grounds with stripes and flowers are $1.63; makes the prettiest waists and looks like a lovely silk. Our double fold dress goods in Henriettas in Red, Brown, Tan, Green and Gray; now 15c, been selling at 18c and 25c. Our Henriettas for 25c is by far the nicest goods we ever saw at that price. Our Serges, 40 inches, at 35c, is as good as we had before at 50c.

Well you must come and look at our Laces and Gloves; good mits, last dyed, at 10c a pair; all silk, extra heavy, better than we had before at 25c, now only 15c. A job lot of belts; fine perforated girdle leather belt, worth 25c, now 10c. We have fans by the thousand, from 2c a piece up to 5c, 8c, 10c, 15c, 18c, 19c, 25c up to 75c each. Come and look at them; they are so cheap you are sure to buy. We have had by far the best Easter trade we ever had any season before and our stock of Spring Millinery is by far larger than ever. We thank our many customers for their large and liberal patronage, and respectfully ask a continuance of the same. We have to place an order for a lot of the new styles of Dresden Ribbons and other novelties in the ribbon line. Come and see if we are dividing the slice every day with you, not with our competitors. We want your trade it fair dealing and low prices and honest goods will have it if we have not already got it in the past. Come and see us; we are on Front street and opposite the Market House.

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ap The Druggist.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA vs. Geo. W. Davis and E. K. Bryan.—By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made in the above-entitled cause, the undersigned commissioners will sell the following-described property, at the Court House door of New Hanover County, for cash, to the highest bidder, at 12 o'clock M. on April 19 1896, to-wit—

1. A lot of land in the city of Wilmington beginning in the west line of Fourth street 66 feet south from the intersection of Fourth and Brunswick streets, thence west 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence east 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

2. Also a lot in said city beginning in the west line of Fourth street 99 feet south from the intersection of Fourth and Brunswick streets, runs west 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence east 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

3. Also a lot beginning in the east line of Third street 66 feet south from the intersection of Third and Brunswick streets, thence 165 feet, thence south 33 feet; thence west 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

4. Also a lot beginning in the eastern line of Third street 99 feet south from the intersection of Third and Brunswick streets, thence east 165 feet, thence south 33 feet, thence west 165 feet, thence north 33 feet to the beginning.

All of the above described parcels of land being parts of Lot 2, Block 203 of the said city of Wilmington.

GEO. H. HOWELL,
DAVID B. SUTTON,
Commissioners.
March 19, 1896. mch 30 30t

J. W. Norwood, President. W. J. Toomer, Cashier.

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	March 5 1893.	March 5 1894.	March 5 1895.
Surplus and net profits,	$10,388	$26,238	$38,210
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,705	3,613	None
Banking House, &c.,	15 621	15,600	14,600
Deposits,	185,340	566 210	611,051
Loans,	278,980	479,349	490,550

Dividends paid from March 5th, 1893, to March 5th, 1894—8 per cent.
Dividends paid from March 5th, 1894, to March 5th, 1895—6 per cent.

☞ Last installment of Capital paid in October, 1892.

mch 29 tf

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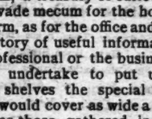

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GROATAN, Saturday, April 20
Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN Saturday, April 13
ONEIDA, Saturday, April 20
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CROATAN, Tuesday, April 9
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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MARCH 29, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.20 A M — No. 66—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 p m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 3.48 p m, Weldon 5.45 p m, Petersburg 6.40 p m, Richmond 8.45 p m, Norfolk 9.00 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.58 a m, Boston 8.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 p m, Weldon 12.55 a m, Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.39 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.22 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 35—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.34 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkinson 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 5.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.15 p m, Savannah 1.10 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.30 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.08 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.10 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.09 p m, Goldsboro 2.56 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.18 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.11 p m, Petersburg 7.04 p m, †Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.57 p m, †Tarboro 6.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.35 a m, Goldsboro 7.30 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.30 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 A m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 9.30 a m, Sanford 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 6.30 p m Savannah 12.00 night, Charleston 4.13 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.10 p m, Denmark 4.37 p m, Sumter 6.42 a m, Atkins 7.04 a m, Florence 8.20 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck branch Road leave Weldon 3.48 p m, Halifax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 a m, Greenville 8.39 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 2.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 3.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; am returning leaves Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.59 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 30 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 p m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.20 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 06 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Atkins at 9.40 a m and 6.30 p m, arrive Lucknow 11.10 a m and 8 p. m; returning leave Lucknow 6.45 a m and 4 20 p m; arrive Atkins 8 15 a m and 5.50 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 5.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 9.17 a m. Leave Dillon 6.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.31 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6.53 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 6.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 1.45 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8.15 a m, 9.00 a m, 9.00 p m, arrive Darlington 8.55 a m, 9.35 a m, 9.35 p m, Hartsville 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.10 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 5.31 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 17.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose seven to eight points, then lost this and fell three to five points and ended barely steady at a net decline of two points, with sales of 266,000 bales. Inman, Swan & Co. are reported to have sold freely on the rise. It was still a holiday in Liverpool, but that market will re-open to-morrow. New Orleans advanced seven points but lost most of this. Spot cotton here was quiet and unchanged, with sales of 114 bales for spinning, 250 for export and 200 delivered on contract. The Southern spot markets were generally quiet and higher. New Orleans advanced 1-16c, Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington, Norfolk and Augusta, ⅛ and Baltimore 3-16c. New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 1,000 bales, against 3,283 last week and 3,289 last year. The port receipts to-day were 14,406 bales, against 26,333 last week and 7,206 last year; thus far this week 48,419 bales, against 54,859 thus far last week.

To-day's features: The bulls were still in the van, and prices again took an upward course this morning, encouraged by the same cheerful features which stimulated the market so noticeably during the last few days. There was good buying for local, Southern and European account. Print cloths were active and higher at Fall River. The dry goods trade in this city was still brisk at firm quotations. If anybody cares anything about it, it may be stated that the receipts at the ports were smaller. The exports on the other hand were large. Oil and grain advanced and Wall street was reported firm. Silver advanced and it was announced that a treaty of peace had been signed between China and Japan, a fact which may stimulate Manchester's business considerably, and thus help the cotton trade on this side of the water. On the rise, however, the usual sales to realize were encountered and prices accordingly reacted and closed slightly lower for the day. Some operators profess to be afraid that Liverpool may not respond adequately to-morrow to the late advance here. At any rate many preferred to take their profits and await further developments. Wall street operators and some of the principal bulls sold here on the early advance. But there are large houses and experienced operators here who believe that the market is in a very promising condition for a further rise in spite of the fact that the short interest has undoubtedly been considerably reduced within the last few days. Many believe that everything is looking up in this country. Cotton has many strong friends, flushed with success and eager for a continuance of the campaign for better prices. There is still believed to be a pretty good short interest.

GEORGIA RAILROADS.

The Northeastern Bought by the State—It Also Owns the Northwestern and Atlantic.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16,—It will be two or three weeks at least before the plan for the reorganization of the Georgia Central railroad is officially promulgated. Its terms have already been published, but it will be necessary to secure the consent of the courts in the South to the arrangement before asking stock and bondholders to subscribe to it. As the Southern Railway Company owns a majority of the stock in the Georgia Central, it will have control of the road after the reorganization.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 16.—The Northeastern Railroad was bought at foreclosure sale to-day by Governor Atkinson, who bid it in for the State of Georgia. His bid was $100,000 and it was the only one made. The road runs from Athens, Ga, to Lula on the Southern. The line is forty miles long. Several years ago the State of Georgia indorsed $360,000 of the Northeastern's bond. The purchase to-day was to protect the State, which now owns the property.

Georgia also owns the Western & Atlantic Railroad from Atlanta to Chattanooga. The latter road is a fine property. It is leased and operated by the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railroad, which pays $430,000 a year rental. If no offer of lease is made for the Northeastern the State will operate it.

INCOME TAX LAW.

Judge Showalter Vacates the Restraining Order He Issued Monday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Judge Showalter, at the opening of Court this morning, entered an order vacating the restraining order against Siegel, Cooper & Co. making their income tax returns. The Judge had sent for Attorney Binswanger, who secured the order yesterday, and in open Court he announced the vacation of the order pending a formal hearing. "I looked hurriedly at the bill," said the Court, "and did not understand that it was based upon a question of unconstitutionality. I regarded it as a mere formal matter. The defendants were present in Court and consented to the proceedings. Being a motion which was not contested I granted it. The order will be vacated and a hearing on the application set for two weeks from to-day."

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Unchanged—Corn, Oats and Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO April 16.—May wheat opened from 56⅜ to 56¼, advanced to 57⅛, declining to and closing at 56⅛. Cash wheat was firm and unchanged.

May corn opened from 45⅝ to 45⅝, sold between 45⅛ to 46⅛, closing at 45⅜ to 45⅝—⅛ to ¼c under yesterday. Cash corn was steady.

May oats closed ¼c under yesterday. Cash oats steady.

Provisions—Orders either to buy or sell were a scarce article in product today. A very moderate effort at buying or any light offerings determined the tone for the time being, but prices drifted into a heavy condition before the close. May pork lost 7½c for the day, May lard 7½c and May ribs 5c.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 16.—Spirits turpentine quiet and easy at 30@30½c. Rosin dull but steady; strained common to good $1 50@1 55.

CHARLESTON, April 16—Spirits turpentine quiet at 27c; receipts 16 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 10; receipts 170 barrels.

SAVANNAH, April 16.—Spirits turpentine firm at 27¼@27½c for regulars; sales as follows: 74 casks at 27½c, 100 at 27⅜c and 21 at 27½c; at the close the market was quoted at 27⅜c, with sales of 850 casks; receipts 1,055 casks. Rosin remained firm at 5c advance on F, G and H; sales to-day 8,500 barrels; receipts 2,382 barrels; quote: A, B and C $1 00, D $1 15, E $1 25, F $1 45, G $1 55, H $1 80, I $1 90, K $2 10, M $2 45, N $2 50, window glass $2 60, water white

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

THE BOYCOTT AGAINST THE ROAD VIRTUALLY KILLED.

The Injunction Prayed for Against the Western and Atlantic Railroad Granted by Judge Lumpkin.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, April 16.—The injunction against the Western & Atlantic Railroad prayed for by the Seaboard Air Line has been granted. Judge Lumpkin rendered his decision at 9 o'clock to-day. The Judge took occasion to say that he had devoted as much time and care as possible to the case and had endeavored to reach a just and fair conclusion.

The material part of the injunction is in this language:

"This injunction shall apply to and cover all freights shipped or billed at or from any point on the line of the Western & Atlantic Railroad or at the terminus thereof, for transportation over said road, and the lines of complainants or any of them, and to freight delivered by complainants or any of the Western & Atlantic Railroad Co. for delivery at like points on its lines, but shall not apply to freights originating and shipped at or from points beyond the lines of the Western & Atlantic Railroad and shipped on through bills of lading originating with some other road or roads beyond its line; nor shall it apply to freights sought to be sent forward by complainants on through bills of lading over the Western & Atlantic Railroad to points reached by other roads beyond its line.

"Provided, however, that the complainants shall within ten days herefrom, file in the office of the Clerk of this Court a bond with good and sufficient security to be approved by the clerk in the sum of fifteen thousand dollars, conditioned for the prompt and faithful settlement and payment to said defendants of all such amounts as may be or become due to them or either of them, on account of freights received for transportation by complainants or any of them, from the defendants, or which may be so received for transportation before the final hearing of this case, and conditioned further to pay to defendants all damages which may result to them or either of them under this injunction, should it hereafter be revoked. Should the complainants fail to file said bond within the time prescribed, then this injunction shall cease and terminate.

"Let right of injunction issue in accordance herewith. Further than this, injunction is denied.

"Should the defendants be hereafter damaged or caused loss by any wrongful conduct of the complainants in respect to freight or freight charges, or should complainants do anything unlawful or inequitable in respect thereto, or other good cause arise, the defendants have leave to move for a dissolution of this injunction."

BALTIMORE, April 16.—The long delayed and anxiously awaited decision in the injunction proceedings instituted by the Seaboard Air Line against the Western & Atlantic and the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis roads, which was handed down in Atlanta, Ga., to-day aroused great interest in this city, where a majority of the stock of the Seaboard Company is owned. The prevailing opinion among railroad men is that the decision is a death-blow to the Southern Railway and Steamship Association. The action was in reality to determine how far the courts would sustain the organization enforcing a boycott, and by to-day's decision it has taken away most of the Association's power, besides establishing a legal precedent which may be used against traffic associations throughout the country. It is certain the boycott of the Seaboard Air Line has been killed.

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Circular to Internal Revenue Collectors Concerning the Income Tax.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Commissioner Miller late this afternoon issued an additional circular to internal revenue collectors, in which he says:

"In cases of incorrect income tax returns now filed in your office, you will notify the persons who filed such returns that they must appear within a reasonable time, specifying the date and place for appearance, and correct or explain such return, and that on their failure to appear and make such corrections, you will correct and increase the amount of such returns, stating the particular corrections which shall be made and the amounts by which said returns will be increased.

"Where persons and corporations liable to make returns have neglected or refused to make returns, and where in your opinion false or fraudulent returns have been filed, you will give notice to the delinquents and to those who made such false or fraudulent returns, to appear and show cause why penalties shall not be assessed against them."

SENATOR RANSOM.

Report That He is Not Eligible to Appointment as Minister to Mexico Without Foundation.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Careful inquiry here concerning the report that ex-Senator Ransom, Minister to Mexico, is not eligible to fill the place to which he was recently appointed, on account of a constitutional provision finds the story without foundation. Senator Ransom did not qualify until his term of office as Senator expired and his service and pay dates from the time he qualifies. Senator Ransom's service as Minister began when he took the oath of office, and this was not until after his term as Senator had expired.

BASE BALL.

The Record of Games Played Yesterday.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Princeton won the game from Georgetown on the Georgetown College campus here to-day by a combination of timely hits and Georgetown's errors in the seventh and eighth innings. Score: Georgetown 7; Princeton 13.

RICHMOND, April 16.—The Petersburgs were again beaten here this afternoon by the Richmond club. Score: Richmond 6; Peterburg 8.

BALTIMORE, April 16.—The Champions played an exhibition game with the Yale College team this afternoon. Score: Baltimore, 17; Yale, 2.

NORFOLK, VA., April 16.—Portsmouth won one of the prettiest played games from Norfolk this afternoon that has been seen for a long time. Score: Norfolk, 2; Portsmouth, 8.

FALL RIVER MILLS.

Cotton Manufacturers Decide to Advance Wages of Operatives

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FALL RIVER, MASS., April 16.—At a meeting of the Cotton Manufacturers' Association held this afternoon, it was voted to restore wages in the mills to the schedule in force previous to August 20, 1894, the restoration to go into effect April 29, next Monday. The meeting lasted only six minutes. There was no discussion to speak of, as it was generally conceded there was nothing to do but advance.

SILVER AGITATORS.

Mass Meeting at Denver—Interesting Speeches by General Warner of New York and Ex-Congressman Sibley of Pennsylvania.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, April 16.—The open air mass meeting held from the steps of the Capitol this afternoon in honor of the silver agitators, General Warner, of New York and ex-Congressman Sibley, of Pennsylvania, was one of the largest that Denver has ever seen. Long before the hour which had been set for the opening, the people began to gather and at 2 o'clock there were many good listeners. Excursion trains brought in hundreds from the mining camps. On the steps of the Capitol and about the great arcade were gathered many distinguished Colorado citizens. The air was delightfully mild and the sunshine brilliant. For an hour before the time set for the speeches bands played.

Judge A. W. Rucker introduced Congressman Sibley, who was greeted with cheers.

"Any place but Colorado to talk silver," he said. "I did not come to talk silver. I can do that in the East, where it is needed, but I can ask you to advance and exalt the spirit of patriotism, even at the sacrifice of partisanship. The President has said the ignorant people of Colorado have got to be educated on the money question, and I wish he were here to see whom he proposes to educate. Silver sentiment is steadily growing and even in Boston and Michigan it is crystalizing. It is spreading in spite of the efforts of J. Sterling Morton and other members of the Cabinet. The people of the East will think the white ballots for silver in 1896 will amount to a snow storm and will lie down and die like the blind mule in the storm of popcorn. If silver had got its rights when Cleveland took the President's chair, Denver would now be the centre of population of the United States."

Gen. Warner followed Mr. Sibley in a practical, business like discussion of the subject which has been his life-study.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Secretary Clarke of the American Bi-metallic League referring to reports that Senators Stewart and Jones, of Nevada, were indifferently disposed towards the new silver movement as inaugurated by the party, inasmuch as they did not oin ex-Congressman Sibley and Mr. Warner in their Denver tour, said to-night:

"The simple truth is Gen. Warner, Mr. Sibley and Senator Jones arranged to meet at Chicago last Saturday and proceed thence to Denver. Senator Jones had business in New York and started in advance of the party, but was taken ill, and is now detained sick at the Astor House. It was well understood that Senator Stewart could not leave Washington immediately, but he expects to start for the West on Thursday afternoon, reaching Denver on Monday next. Meanwhile he has evinced what I should call a pretty lively interest in silver, by writing a 'Junius' letter to President Cleveland.

"'The Big Four' of the American bi-metallic party, Messrs. Jones, Warner, Sibley and Stewart, will meet at the West as soon as possible and take that section be storm. Later, so to speak, they will carry the war into Africa. The South and the East, as well as the West, will hear from them before long."

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Official Advices That Peace Negotiations Have Been Signed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, April 16.—A dispatch from Tokio to the *Central News*, says the native newspapers are publishing extra editions announcing that the peace negotiations have been concluded and that the treaty will probably be signed to morrow. The terms of the treaty are not definitely known, but it is understood they are in a great degree similar to those already published. This information is apparently reliable, though it is not official.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Official advices were received this morning by Minister Yang Yu, the Chinese representative in the United States from Shimonoseki, Japan, confirming the news that protocols of peace between China and Japan have been signed. The cable message read simply: "Peace negotiations have been signed." Particulars are not given.

LONDON, April 16—The *Daily News*, referring to the China-Japanese alliance, which is said to be one of the conditions of the treaty of peace, will say to-morrow that under the new conditions such an alliance would be so much more to the advantage of China that it can scarcely imagine Japan as proposing it. "Japan," says the *News*, "has emerged from the conflict a great power. There is no precise parallel in the history of the world to her marvellous adaptability and imitative genius."

The *Graphic* is inclined to believe in the reported alliance. It says: "This Japanization of China would be the death knell of the European in Eastern Asia, and the ruin of Western industry.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—Late this afternoon Secretary Gresham received a cablegram from Minister Dun, at Tokio, Japan, confirming the press dispatches that a peace treaty had been signed by Japan and China. The message was terse and simply stated that "peace negotiations between Japan and China were concluded to-day."

THE WHISKEY TRUST.

Startling Disclosures—Over a Million Dollars Totally Unaccounted For.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Of the many sensations furnished by the Whiskey Trust since Joseph B. Greenhut first had himself appointed receiver and ousted by the stockholders, none approaches in magnitude that furnished by the filing with Judge Showalter in the U.S. Circuit court this afternoon of the balance sheet of the company as it appeared March 31, 1893. Practically the whole period of the alleged iniquitous reign of the Greenhut faction is covered by the figures given therein, which are startling even to those who had been told in advance that disclosures of an unusual nature were to be made. The sum of $1,139,448 is totally unaccounted for, to say nothing of the other items, which appear all right at first glance and which are offset by figures on the books.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

By a North Carolinian Living in Colorado.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

TELLURIDE, Colorado, April 16.—Heywood Williams shot and killed Grace White, a woman of the town, this afternoon and then shot himself through the stomach, inflicting a mortal wound. Williams' father was a Representative in Congress for two terms from Louisburg, N. C. Jealousy was the cause. The tragedy took place in a house of ill fame.

The United States cruiser San Francisco arrived at Smyrna yesterday. Admiral Kirkland paid a visit to the Governor of the province and afterward had a conference with U. S. Consul Madden.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—187 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—78 bales cotton, 10 casks spirits turpentine, 46 bbls rosin, 37 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—3 bales cotton, 13 casks spirits turpentine, 6 bbls crude turpentine.

C. F. & Y. V. R. R.—7 casks spirits turpentine, 28 bbls tar.

Steamer A. P. Hurt—5 casks spirits turpentine, 301 bbls rosin, 36 bbls tar.

Steamer Lisbon—3 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 178 bbls rosin, 80 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 219 bales; spirits turpentine, 46 casks; rosin, 525 bbls; tar, 136 bbls; crude turpentine, 17 bbls.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

SHOOTING AFFRAY

Between Two Citizens of Farmville, Virginia—One of the Combatants Wounded.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

RICHMOND, VA., April 16.—A shooting affray occurred on one of the public thoroughfares of Farmville yesterday about noon. It grew out of a rumor accusing Mr. E. A. Rice of wrong-doing with a certain young lady, temporarily staying in that place. An investigation ensued on the part of Mr. Rice, while the young lady is said to have left town Sunday afternoon. The report was traced by Rice to R. L. Payne, a builder and contractor. Rice at once armed himself with a pistol and made search for Payne. Before coming across him, however, he met his father P. H. C. Rice, who was in company with B. M. Cox. It is said that young Rice apprised him of his mission, and that they dissuaded him from using the pistol, and suggested a cowhide. The latter was quickly procured, and the search continued by the young man in company with his father and Mr. Cox. Mr. Payne was finally met at the corner of Middle and Second street. He was on his way to dinner and had his arms full of tools. Mr. E. A. Rice asked him if he had not circulated the report referred to, and according to the statement of Payne, before he could explain Cox struck at him with his fist and young Rice slashed him across the face with the whip. Payne attempted to defend himself against his assailants with one of his working tools, when Cox whipped out a revolver and shot him. The ball penetrated the left shoulder and went downward into the muscle of the arm. The wound, though painful, is not considered dangerous. Mr. Cox at once surrendered himself to the authorities. Warrants were issued for the arrest of the Messrs. Rice.

At the preliminary trial this morning ex-Gov. McKinney and Col. J. P. Fitzgerald appeared for the defendants and waived examination.

It is reported that the father of young Rice snapped his pistol in Payne's face two or three times, and hence he, along with Mr. Cox, was sent on to the grand jury to answer a bill of indictment. P. H. C. Rice is the agent of the Farmville & Powhatan Railroad here, and is greatly respected by all. Mr. Payne emphatically denies that he was the originator of the report that made the trouble.

SPAIN AND CUBA.

Torpedo Gunboats Dispatched to Madrid—Other Vessels in Readiness.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MADRID, April 16.—The Spanish Government has abandoned the negotiations looking to the purchase of the cruiser recently built at Kiel for China, which was not delivered owing to the fact that the purchase money was not forthcoming. The owner of the cruiser demands 60,000 pounds for his cruiser, and this figure the Spanish authorities consider exorbitant, the Government having recently paid only 48,000 pounds for a cruiser of that same type that was built in Spain. The torpedo gunboats Martin Alonzo Pinzon, Janez, Galicia and Filipinas will sail for Cuba to-morrow. Other vessels are being got ready in case they may be required. Senor Castellano, Minister of the Colonies, sends only one million pesetas in silver to Cuba, and if more money is needed gold will be sent. The object of this is to prevent the rise of exchange in Havana.

WARM WIRELETS.

Wm. H. Furman, father of State Auditor Robert M. Furman, died at four o'clock in Asheville yesterday of paralysis, aged 78 years.

Ex-U. S. Senator James F. Wilson is suffering from paralysis of the brain at his home in Fairfield, Iowa, and was not expected to live through last night.

Charles H. Mansur, of Missouri, Deputy Comptroller of the United States Treasury, died yesterday in Washington, D. C., after an illness of several weeks.

The London *Globe* asserts that Great Britain will refuse to accept the answer of the Nicaraguan Government to the British ultimatum and will take immediate steps to enforce her demands

A Cincinnati dispatch last night said the National saw works were burning and would probably be a total loss. The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton freight sheds have caught and were burning fiercely.

At Gloversville, N. Y., yesterday, the Tietz block, in process of construction, collapsed, burying in the ruins two painters and two plumbers. The painters were killed and one of the plumbers was seriously hurt.

The miners of the Pittsburg district have issued a call for a delegate convention, to be held April 19th, to consider the status of the present strike. It is believed the convention will decide by declaring the strike off.

The feeling in New Bedford, Mass., over the demand for an advance in wages is that the local manufacturers will have to follow the example of the Fall River manufacturers, this being the agreement under which the late strike was settled.

Miss Florence Carroll Robinson, fourth daughter of Mrs. John Moncure Robinson, was married last night to Mr. James E. McShane, youngest son of the late Henry McShane, at the Robinson's town house in Baltimore. Cardinal Gibbons performed the ceremony, assisted by the Right Rev. P. J. Donahue, Bishop of Wheeling.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

To make big money selling our Electric Telephone. Best seller on Earth. Sent all complete ready to set up lines of any distance. A practical Electric Telephone. Our agents making $5 to $40 a day easy. Everybody buys; big money without work. Prices low. Any one can make $75 per month. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clark No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. april 16 6t

Catchiest 50c canvassers' specialty eve. shown. Reversible Automatic Hair Curler Co., Chicago. ap 7 6t su

A chance to make money.—I made $584 00 the last six weeks selling Dish Washers, and was sick part of the time. I don't see why others do not go into the Dish Washer Business. No canvassing. Sold all my Washers at home. Perfect satisfaction. Every one sold sells another. Every family wants one. I will make $5,000 this year easy. I can wash and dry our dishes in two minutes. Any one can make $5 to $15 a day. For circulars write to Iron City Dish Washer Co., S. Highland avenue, E. E. Pittsburg, Pa. mch 19 8m

I am selling one fourth of a pound of Smoking Tobacco for 5 cents Sugar, Coffee, Snuff, Crackers and Cakes sold at lowest prices. Best quality Flour, Molasses and Syrup always on hand. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail Grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. mr 17 tf

Portrait work.—Fine Photographs $1 per dozen. Get my prices on copying, enlarging and viewing before placing your order. Mail orders for copying and enlarging receive prompt attention. A trial order solicited. First-class work guaranteed. U. C. Kills, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. Extra fine photographs a specialty. c21

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deals in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 99. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 608 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Hayden, P. Et., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skilful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spiritine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies. c21

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR

Our Great Store.

Doesn't every visit to this store strengthen your liking for it?

Doesn't it impress you with its worthiness more and more each time?

It is big enough to hold all the lines that belong to our "trade."

It isn't too big—not so large that a single counter, corner or condition escapes our eye.

Don't you feel at home here?

Don't you feel that you are protected against any phase of dissatisfaction?

You must feel the force of its straight forward methods. You must appreciate all its commercial virtues, else our sales sheets wouldn't record a steady growth—a flattering recognition, a priceless confidence that only true merit could win. Such a Store we have striven for. Such a store we are maintaining with all our might and main.

Twelve Necessities

that you must have

Hats, Trimmed and Untrimmed,
FLOWERS, SILKS,
DRESS GOODS, PARASOLS,
GLOVES, CORSETS,
UNDERWEAR,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
VEILINGS AND NOTIONS.

Every line is full to completeness, and better values were never before shown.

Our small profit system brings the prices down to the lowest notch.

An inspection of our goods and prices will well repay you.

Special!

A few pieces of Fast Black figured Organdies, regular price 25c a yard, for 12c a yard.

A lot of Wash Silks, fine quality, for waists, only 30c a yard.

A few pieces of fine Challie, nice designs, only 6c a yard.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 Market Street.

Just received a new lot of Beautifying and Trilby Veilings.

ap 11 tf

One Week's Offering

FOR THIS AND ONLY THIS WEEK AT

Terms Strictly Cash.

KATZ & POLVOGT,

116 Market Street,

Cash House.

$1.93 a beautiful Embroidered Spring Cape, in three colors, worth $5.00.

At 6c best 4-4 Fruit of the Loom Sheeting, limited 10 yards, elsewhere 10 cents.

At 19c best 10-4 Sheeting, elsewhere 30c.

At 10c Galetea Cloth and Ducks, elsewhere 15c.

At 37½c best quality Wash Silks, elsewhere 50c.

At 19c Cheviots and fancy weaves double width Dress Goods, elsewhere 30c.

At 39c 40-inch all-wool Cheviots, elsewhere 65c.

At 39c 40-inch all-wool Storm Serge, elsewhere 60c.

At 62c Mourning Henrietta, Silk-finish, 46-inch wide, elsewhere $1.00.

At 69c Fancy Black Crepon, also a line of colors, elsewhere $1.00.

At 98c Extra size Horectol Spreads, elsewhere $1.50.

At $2.25 Extra Fine Marseilles Spreads, elsewhere $4.00.

At 10c Lonsdale Cambric, first quality, sold elsewhere for 15c.

Great Special in Laces.

100 pieces just received in points venesse, points black and white at prices astonishing to all.

Do not fail to examine this line.

Corsets.

$1.50 W. B. Corsets for $1.00.
R. & G. Corsets for 75c.
$2.50 W. B. Corsets for $1.75.

Kid Gloves.

Treffousse Kid, the best in the world.
$1.25 quality this week 98c.
$1.75 quality this week $1.50.
$1.50 Pearl, Gray, Black stitching. Kid Gloves this week at 1.50.
1,000 yards Edges and Insertions worth 30 to 40c, this week only 19c.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Given Away

With every new No. 9 WHEELER & WILSON Sewing Machine, a complete new set of Attachments.

THE NEW NO. 9

Wheeler & Wilson

Sewing Machine has just been placed on the market. Its mechanism is perfect. It will not get out of order, and a child can operate it with ease.

Special inducements in the price of these machines for the ensuing two weeks.

Katz & Polvogt,

116 Market Street.

Graham G. Watts,
Manager Machine Department.

Drop a postal card when you wish your machine repaired. An expert machinist looks after this department.

ap 14 tf

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth.

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

Leaders.

We Lead! Others follow. We are first a work first in cleanliness and first in price. Would you not rather pay a few cents more and get the best attention and work in the State? Common sense will answer the question. Give us a trial and let us convince you that we are telling the truth. A. G. Prempert, Chiropodist will be pleased to wait on all needing services in that line.

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
German Barber and Hairdresser,
Experts in Barbering,
11 South Front St.

Must Have Work.

JOE CRAIG, PRACTICAL TIN, SHEET-Iron and Pump Job workman, 125 Princess street.

Respectfully,

ap 7 tf JOE F. CRAIG.

S. H. Fishblate,

King Clothier.

WHY should you buy the old carried-over Clothing, advertised by some retailers at reduced prices?

We never carry over any goods, and our prices for new stylish clothes are so low that you need not buy last Spring's goods unless you want to.

Strictly all-wool Suits, trimmed and tailored in first-class manner at $8, $10 and $12. Regular retailers charge $15 to $20 for the same goods. These goods have scored an immense success. We save you 30 per cent. on these excellent garments.

S. H. FISHBLATE,

ap 14 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Cupid brings the coming styles to our Store. We always present our patrons with the latest cut in Ties and Shoes of all kinds. We lead in stylish goods and in lower prices for same grades. We have the largest stock in the State, the greatest variety, and better goods than any house in the city, and with abundant capital and buying for cash we offer better prices to the trading public. We invite inspection.

Geo. R. French & Sons

108 North Front St.,

ap 7 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Alpha and Omega.

FOR THE TEETH—

Rince Bouche,	Oralina Mouth Wash,
Oralina Tooth Paste,	Zonweiss
Ideal Tooth Powder,	Lyons' Tooth Powder,
Lyon's Tooth Tablets,	Jenning's Eau Dentifrice
Thurston's Tooth Powder,	Calder's Dentine,
Hood's Tooth Powder	White's Tooth Powder.
Hazard's Saponaceous Dentifrice	Hazards' Dentine,
Arnica Tooth Soap.	Brown's Camphorated Dentifrice.
Holmes' Dentifrice.	J. & B. Tooth Paste,
Cherry Tooth Paste	M. & B. Mouth Wash.
M. & B. Dentifrice	Sozodont.
Albadant Tooth Powder.	Albadent Tooth Wash.

FOR THE COMPLEXION—

Foley's Cream,	Ayer's Recamier Cream.
Co. Menthal Ice.	Douglas' Amandine.
Kazol.	Malvina Lotion.
Malvina Cream.	Ongoine.
Magnolia Balm.	Exora Cream.
Oxzyn.	Nail Enamel.
Rosaline.	Modene.
McIntire's Hand Lotion,	Palmer's Lotion.
Cook's Toilet Cream,	Lait de Iris.
Fougera's Angelique,	Blush of Roses.
Bloom of Violets,	Ayer's Recamier Cream.
Holmes' Frostilla.	Woodland Balm.
Eucalyptine.	Espey's Cream.
Oriental Cream.	Honey and Almond Cream
	Laird's Bloom of Youth.
Cucumber and Elder Flower Cream,	Vaseline Camphor Ice.
Vaseline Cold Cream.	Viola Cream.
Vinolia Cream.	Hazelnia Cream.

FOR THE—

Hindercorn	Magic Corn Salve.
Gils Bros. Corn Cure.	A-Corn Salve.
Hawley's Corn Cure.	Camm's Corn Solvent.
Slatterback's Corn Cure.	East India Corn Paint.
Mermen's Corn Cure.	One Night Corn Cure.

Bunting's Pharmacy,

Y. M. C. A. Building.

ap 7 tf Wilmington, N. C.

MERCER & GAYLORD,

—AT THE—

H. C. EVANS'

OLD STAND,

Are still persuading the generous public to buy

Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes.
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,
Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,	Shoes,

SHOES.

This means we want to sell

SHOES, GOOD CHEAP SHOES

to everybody.

See our prices before you buy.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Gaylord,

115 Princess Street.

Successor to H. C. Evans. mar 30 tf

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old news papers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

C. E. GORDON,

Agent

FOR THE WELL KNOWN FIRM

BROWNING, KING & CO.

SAMPLES ON EXHIBITION.

SUITS TO ORDER.

PANTS TO ORDER.

MADE UP IN

THE LATEST STYLES.

You are respectfully asked to call and leave your order.

C. E. Gordon,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts.

ap 14 tf

For Easter.

JOHNSON & FORE

No. 111 Market St.,

Are fully prepared to supply you with every desirable article for

EASTER,

including all the

Newest and Latest Parisian Ideas in

MILLINERY,

Neckwear, Kid Gloves,

Dress Goods

—AND—

Trimmings, Embroideries, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

All orders for Millinery will be promptly executed and perfect satisfaction is assured.

Mail orders promptly filled.

JOHNSON & FORE,

No. 111 Market Street.

ap 7 tf

Straw Hats.

Big Stock and Lowest Prices.

All the Latest Styles, Children's hats 10c and upwards. A splendid man's hat for 25c. For 48c we can show a 75c hat.

NEW & STYLISH CLOTHING.

$10.00 Business suits for $6.25.
Our $8.50 line is fully worth $12.50.
All styles in Clay-Worsted and Cheviots; all wool, guaranteed, Blue Flannel $6.50.
Childrens' suits 75c and upwards.
Largest and prettiest line of NEGLIGEE SHIRTS, 25c and upwards.

LARGE VARIETY OF

LOW SHOES AND SLIPPERS

For Men, Women and Children.

New stock of MATTINGS just received at

J. H. REHDER & CO.

Car fare paid on all purchases of $2.00 and over

Phone 118. ap 14 tf

North Carolina Hams.

We have some fine ones which we offer low in lots to suit.

VISITING MERCHANTS should see our goods and prices before buying GROCERIES.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

ap 11 D&W tf